Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, JUNE 15, 1869. NUMBER 134.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, June 14, 1869.

POSTOFFICE MATTERS.

As an indication of the spirit in which Postmaster General Creswell intends to deal with all violations of the Postal law, whether small or great, the following letter addressed to prominent Postmasters in Georgia is given:

SIR—The enactments of the law defining crimes and offenses against the Postoffice establishment admonish every person in the employ of the Department that the law making power intends that the law shall throw around the purity of correspondence the solemn sanctity of its protection. The highest duty the Department owes to the people is to preserve, by all the means within its power, the absolute sanctity of a seal. The enactments of the law referred to are entirely explicit. You are required to instruct subordinates that every violation of the law in this respect, as well as other crimes, the Postmaster General will visit with punishment to the fullest extent of the law. In this connection, and in view of facts adduced to the Department of complicity, if not actual crime, by one of the clerks employed in your office, the Postmaster General directs that said clerk be instantly dismissed from service. You will permit no one to continue to be employed in your office whose character for personal integrity may not command the confidence of the Postmaster General.

Respectfully yours,
G. B. ARMSTRONG,
Superintendent of Railway Mail Service.

BIDS FOR MONITORS.

The bids were to-day opened for the purchase of the monitors Cohoes, Kaka, Nausett, Suncook, Warsaw and Yazoo, lying at League Island, Pennsylvania, and the Casco and Chimo, lying at the Washington Navy Yard. Only two bids were received, the first of which was from Richard Wallach, of this city, who proposes to take two of those at League Island, as the Government may determine, for the sum of $160,000 each. Messrs. Alexander Purves and Son, of Philadelphia, propose to purchase the Yazoo for $25,275, the Warsaw for $23,050, the Suncook for $21,325, the Cohoes for $21,575, the Casco for $14,125, and the Chimo for $13,075. The proposals will be submitted to the Secretary of the Navy and the sale consummated if the parties have bid over the appraised value.

MILITARY GAZETTE.

Brevet Lieutenant Colonel J. H. Knight, United States Army, has been detailed for duty as Indian Agent.

Brevet Major General A. B. Dyer has been ordered to inspect the following Arsenals on office business: St. Louis, Leavenworth, Rock Island, Watervliet and Frankfort.

By direction of the President, Brevet Major Wm. F. Harney is retired from duty with the Indians. He will hand over to the Indian Agents appointed for the several agencies at Grand River, Fort Lilly and Whetstone Creek any moneys or property he may have on hand, close his accounts and return to his home as an officer of the army on the retired list.

DISCRIMINATING DUTIES ABOLISHED.

The President has issued a proclamation abolishing discriminating duties against French vessels, that Government having acted reciprocally towards American vessels, as appears from the following cable telegram translation received at Washington June 12th:

"*To the charge D'Affairs of France at Washington:* Discriminating duties on merchandise imported from the countries of its origin in American vessels have this day been discontinued in the ports of the Empire. Ask for reciprocity."

APPRAISER APPOINTED.

N. D. Stanwood has been appointed Supervisor of Internal Revenue for Alabama and Mississippi, to take effect the first of July.

BOSTON.

The Peace Jubilee—The Gathering Throng—Instrumental Rehearsal.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, June 14.—The musical organizations and crowds of visitors arrive in every train. All the railroads have arranged to run extra trains during the five days of the Festival. The workmen are giving the finishing touches to the Coliseum to-night, and everything is to be in readiness for the grand opening to-morrow. The rapid sale of tickets indicates an immense audience.

The rehearsal of five hundred instrumental performers took place in the Coliseum this afternoon, embracing organizations from various sections of the country. It is pronounced by critics harmonious and excellent to an extraordinary degree.

ST. LOUIS.

Trial of Capt. Donaldson—Negro Servant Girl Beaten to Death.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, June 14.—The case of Capt. W. B. Donaldson, charged with murder, was called in the Criminal Court to-day. There was a very large crowd present and much interest manifested. Much difficulty was found in obtaining a jury. It will probably be a day or two before the testimony is taken.

Mrs. M. Bausman was arrested to-day, charged with causing the death of a negro servant girl, thirteen years old, by beating her with on oaken club. Fifty-two cuts, bruises and scratches were found on her corpse.

Negro Murderer Lynched in Virginia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

STAUNTON, Va., June 14.—Jesse Edwards, negro, who committed a rape on Miss Susan Pyle, a respectable young lady of Rockbridge county, Va., and then murdered her, was taken out of the county jail by four men and hung to a tree, six miles from Lexington. The lynchers gained admittance to the jail on the pretence that they had a desperado under arrest and desired to imprison him. The negro had previously confessed his crimes.

WASHINGTON, PA.

Republican County Nominations—Delegates to State Convention Instructed for Geary—Course of Pittsburgh Commercial not Sustained.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 14, 1869.

The Republican County Convention of Washington county organized to-day by the election of J. A. Alexander as chairman. Mr. L. A. McCracken was nominated on the fourth ballot for Senator, by a vote of 46 to 40 for John N. McDonald. A. J. Bfiington and Harry Vankirk were renominated for Assembly.

A resolution endorsing the course of the Pittsburgh *Commercial* was defeated almost unanimously, receiving but two votes.

Jas. R. Kelley and John Hall were elected delegates to the State Convention, and were, on motion of Hon. G. V. Lawrence, instructed for Gov. Geary, after an exciting contest.

CUBA.

The Disagreement Among Volunteers—Inquiry into the Conduct of General Dulce—Siege of Puerto Principe.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, June 11, *via* KEY WEST, June 14.—The disagreements among the volunteers themselves, and also their failure to establish the projected Colonial Government, have served to keep them quiet. The report that four thousand troops were coming to disarm the volunteers has been officially denied. The volunteers are jubilant.

The volunteers are instituting a court of inquiry for the purpose of examining into the conduct of Gen. Dulce and making a report to be forwarded to Spain. It is reported Gen. Dulce will touch at Porto Rico, for the purpose of meeting Gen. DeRodas and explaining to him the situation of affairs.

The Vasconade volunteers left for Cienfugos very reluctantly. They claimed that the Havana volunteers should accompany them They promised, however, to garrison Villa Clara.

A meeting of Spaniards was held to consider the subject of a Commission to Gen. Cespedes for the general purpose of establishing the mutual preservation of lives and property of both parties.

The recognition of the insurgent as belligerents by the Peruvian Government causes despondency.

The order sending employes to Puerto Principe has been revoked, in consequence of unfavorable news from that quarter. Gen. Quesada was concentrating his forces closer for a siege of the place, and had captured a convoy of provisions.

A Spanish soldier, who has lately returned from the interior, says the insurgents kill an average of three thousand persons monthly, and that disease is making havoc among them.

The Typographical Union and the Associated Press.

The N. Y. *Times* of Monday has an article on the position assumed by the National Typographical Union, which demands that all newspapers be unconditionally admitted to the Press Association. The *Times* says: The Associated Press is a voluntary association of several journals, for the purpose of obtaining news by telegraph, for common use and at the common expense, the object being to avoid duplicating, at an enormous expense, news which all must have. The Association never assumed to exclude any responsible paper from sharing its advantages; but in view of the immense labor and expense incurred in building it up, it has been thought just and proper to demand a price for such a privilege, corresponding to its value and its cost to the members of the Association. No journal strong enough to go alone objects to the demand. It is only those who desire to reap the profit of publishing a newspaper without incurring the expense of it by that object. The Typographical Union objects to thus increasing the price of publishing a newspaper, because it keeps printers out of work. This is quite in keeping with the general policy of the Union, to secure for printers as much money for as little work as possible; but the hostility of a combination, which assumes to fix the prices for which printers may work, and to regulate their hours, and degrade and brand all who will not obey their dictation, and which seeks legislative interference to sustain their absurd assumption of the monopoly and tyranny of the Associated Press, is simply ridiculous. They might just as well demand every person who desires to start a new newspaper man shall have the right to use the correspondence, the editorial force, the law, market and general reports, and generally whatever in an old established journal he might find useful to his enterprise. This would greatly facilitate the starting of fresh newspapers and so increase the demand for printers, and would be quite as just as the Union's demand concerning the Associated Press.

—An attempt was made on Friday last to arrest the notoriour robber and assassin, Sam. Hildebrand, of St. Andrews county, Mo. Sheriff Breckenridge, with a posse of fifteen men, surrounded the house in which Hildebrand had taken refuge, and after demanding his surrender, which was responded to by Hildebrand shooting the Sheriff in the groin, severely injuring him, a desultory firing was kept up by each party for several hours, resulting in the killing of James McLean, one of the posse, and the wounding of Hildebrand and one or two others in the house. Towards night, however, Hildebrand crowded out of the house and escaped to the woods, and has not been captured. He is a very desperate character, was a merciless bushwhacker during the war and is said to have committed seventy or eighty murders. A large reward has been offered for him at different times.

—Senator Howe, of Wisconsin, has published a card in the Madison *Journal*, denying the statement, which first appeared in the Cincinnati *Chronicle*, that he approved of a scheme to make the Alabama claims question a party issue at the next election. He says: "I did not know there was any such scheme. Never wrote a letter in reference to such scheme. Do not know or approve of any scheme. Nor do I know of any man who does."

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

Mr. Motley Formally Announces the Rejection of the Alabama Claims Treaty—The Church Disestablishment Question—Debate in the House of Lords—Facts in the Mary Lowell Case Disputed—Another Massacre in New Zealand—The Disturbances in Paris—Liberal Reforms Recommended—The Empire and Freedom Not Incompatible—A King for Spain Not to be Chosen Until the Regency Question is Settled.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, June 13.—At the Cabinet meeting held yesterday, it is rumored, though the report cannot be authenticated, that an official communication from Mr. Motley was presented by Lord Clarendon. Reports state that in his communication Mr. Motley informs Her Majesty's Government of the rejection by the United States Senate of the Alabama claims' treaty, and represents that the grounds for the rejection were the insufficiency of the treaty as a full settlement of the questions in dispute between the two countries. Mr. Motley intimates that the administration agrees with the Senate's declination to ratify the treaty and says he is instructed to express the earnest desire of the American Government for a speedy and friendly removal of the matters in difference, by a treaty which will do justice to all parties, leaving no question open for future consideration. He announces his readiness to receive and consider with liberality any proposition Her Majesty's Government may make for a full settlement of any international questions at issue, as claims for individual citizens growing out of the action of either governments during the war.

The expedition for laying the French cable has commenced work.

Captain Shared Osborn telegraphs from Deal that the steamer Great Eastern cleared all the dangers of navigation at the mouth of Thames, steaming out into the Channel admirably. She will arrive in Portland on Monday. Her tender, the Chiltern, preceded her.

The *Times* this morning, in a leader on the prospects of the Irish Church bill in the House of Lords, says: "The week opens with all the elements of a dramatic situation. The action is great, the motive is great, and the end is certain. We are convicted that the bill will pass to its second reading. Every day it becomes clearer that England, after an agitation of eighty years, will voluntarily undo injustice so long perpetuated. No Orange demonstration can affect the success of the measure. This scandal of the Irish Church establishment is at the root of the alienation of Ireland. Its destruction is an act of peace and unity between jealous and disunited races."

The *Times* reviews the opinions of the leading men of the opposition and concludes: "By such arguments justice may be as often delayed, but not when the nation is awake to a sense of its denial. We feel assured that justice will not be delayed. By yielding now, the reputation and authority of the House of Lords will be established firmer than ever."

In the House of Peers, to night, in anticipation of the debate on the Irish Church bill, there was a full attendance, all the seats on the floor being occupied. At the opening of the sitting, the galleries and lobbies were crowded with spectators, and in the streets in the vicinity of the House of Parliament a great throng of people was collected.

In the House many petitions were presented against the bill. Earl Granville then moved the bill pass to its second reading. He declared he had always thought the Irish Church was an anomaly, and failed to fulfil the position for which it was intended; that it was a great injustice and should be legislated on in a reasonable, wise and moderate way. He traced the history of the suspensory bill of last year, and the resignation of the D'Israeli Ministry showed their acceptance of the decision of the country in favor of disestablishment and disendowment. After explaining the provisions of the bill under consideration, Lord Granville continued: The Government did not desire to sever the spiritual connection between the Irish and English Churches. He would leave the explanation of the endowments to his colleagues. He declared there was nothing in the act of union to prevent the passage of the bill. He did not undervalue the act, but maintained that it was not unalterable, nor should it be allowed to stand in the way of a measure deemed necessary to the majority of the people and constituencies in Ireland. The bill had no effect on the Royal supremacy. After referring to the threatened opposition and commenting on the bigotry of past times, he appealed to the bench and to the Bishops to weigh well their course. Nothing was more suicidal than to point to the principle on which the Irish Church stands as that on which the English Church is to stand, for this step was not the preclude to disestablishment. The dignity of the House, after due protest, should allow the bill endorsed by the voice of the country to pass. The House of Peers has great power for good; but there is one thing it does not possess. It has no more power than the House of Commons. It has not power to thwart the national will. It was said that the method of conducting the bill in the Commons was offensive, and the House of Lords had been advised to be conciliatory in their present declaration. He well knew the value of conciliation, but there was no need for it here. For he would assure the Lords that though the Liberal party adhered strongly to the policy of the bill, they would gratefully welcome and carefully consider any alteration of detail proposed by their Lordships. More than this he could not say.

The Earl of Harrowby moved that the second reading of the bill be postponed three months. He opposed the bill as revolutionary, in violation of the Coronation oatb, and of the act of union The circumstances were insufficient to just fy its introduction, and its results would be to diminish the number of Irish Protestants. It was no act of justice. He repudiated the idea that the rejection of the measure would be running counter to the national will. The sense of the country had not been tested on the point, and he believed the country was now earnestly looking to and expecting the House of Lords to reject the bill.

Lord Clarendon said he did not reciprocate the feeling of the Earl of Harrowby as to the result of the bill. Similar forebodings were expressed in regard to the reform and free trade measures. He believed the sentiment of the country had been fully tested on the topic. It had been discussed for the past year and a half, and was so thoroughly exhausted and understood that he was unable to say anything new on it. As a Protestant he sympathized with his Catholic fellow-countrymen in Ireland in the wrongful position in which they were placed. He never felt it stronger than when he saw crowds kneeling outside a hovel with a handsome parish church close by unattended. He believed that Ireland was the question of the hour. Her condition had burdened the Government. After the universal assent of the country, and the impossibility that such a state of things should continue, imposed on Mr. Gladstone the duty of settling the Irish Church grievances.

The Duke of Rutland opposed the bill, because it overthrew the rights of property, violated the religion of a majority of the people of the United Kingdom, and destroyed the union of church and state. He denied that the Irish Church was a badge of conquest, and declared his conviction that the voluntary system would never answer.

Lord Stratford de Radcliffe objected to many details of the bill, but warned the House not to sacrifice the substance for the shadow. He believed the passage of the bill as it now stood would result in irreparable injury to the Church and would not relieve the condition of Ireland. The relative positions of the two Houses of Parliament, however, demanded the second reading of the bill, after which the upper House could go to work and amend its objectionable features.

Lord Romilly regarded the idea that this bill would prove the destruction of Protestantism as a myth. It would only deprive the Crown of the nomination of some Bishops.

In the House of Commons, to-night, W. Otway, Secretary for the Foreign Department, said the facts in the case of the seizure of the American brig Mary Lowell were in dispute. The Government asserts that the vessel was seized in British waters, while the Spanish Government maintains she was captured on the high seas beyond British jurisdiction. Mr. Otway stated the evidence adduced by Spain was in the hands of the law officers of the Crown, and it would be impossible to produce the papers before the House at present.

LONDON, June 14.—Letters from Drunedin, New Zealand, give accounts of the massacre of three officers with their wives, families and forty friendly natives by the Maori Chief Te Koote, near Napier, on the east coast of New Ulster. Troops were dispatched to the settlement, but on their arrival they found only the ruins of homesteads which had been plundered and burned. The settlers in the country were fleeing to the towns for protection.

DUBLIN, June 14.—A great public demonstration was made in this city last night against the passage of the Irish Church bill.

CORK, June 14.—A shot was fired from the street into the office of the *Constitution* to-day. No one was injured. No clue to the perpetrator of the act has been obtained.

A collision occurred in Shandon, yesterday, between the police and a mob. Three of the former were injured. Several rioters were arrested.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 14.—Large numbers of secret documents, having reference to the late disturbances, have been discovered by the authorities. It is asserted the papers prove that the movement was started by paid agents.

The Duke De Persigny has written a letter to M. Olivere on the subject of further liberal reforms. He says the Empire and freedom are not incompatible. A just form of government can bear the existence of every liberty.

Baron Haussman, Prefect of Seine, has resigned his office.

Ismael Pascha, of Egypt, yesterday had a pleasant interview with Napoleon. The city is now entirely tranquil.

PARIS, June 14.—The official journal to-day publishes an account and explanation of the recent disturbances. It asserts that the Government had received accurate details beforehand of what was to take place and was enabled to take proper and sufficient precautions to prevent the agitation from assuming a more serious aspect. The officers of justice are in possession of the facts which provoked and accompanied the outbreaks, and it is their duty now to trace the authors. The journal praises the patience, firmness and moderation of the troops, and congratulates the Government on the suppression of the disorder without bloodshed, thus fulfilling its mission for the protection of humanity.

PARIS, June 14—*Evening.*—Tranquility continues to prevail in all quarters of the city. General Cluseret, expelled from France, will sail from Havre for New York on Friday.

SPAIN

MADRID, June 14.—In the Cortes, on Saturday, Gen. Prim, in reply to a question, said no King would come forward in the present state of uncertainty, but when the regency was settled there would be plenty of candidates. He regretted the refusal of Fernando, of Portugal, but thought it was not irrevocable.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 14.—An Imperial ukase has been issued authorizing the establishment of the International Bank of Commerce with a capital of $5,000,000 roubles. The enterprise is promoted by both Russian and foreign bankers who will take up all the shares.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, June 14.—It is understood the Prussian Government contemplates increasing the number of furloughs granted to the army next winter.

MARINE NEWS.

LONDON, June 14.—The steamers City of New York, Nebraska, Keda and Borussia, from New York, and St. Patrick, from Quebec, arrived out.

—A woman named Cassie Welch was beaten to death at Troy, N. Y., Sunday evening, by Thomas Donovan, who has been arrested, together with two women named Johnson and Campbell.

Knights Templar at Philadelphia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, June 14.—The city is thronged with Knights Templar from all sections of the country. The Detroit Commandery, accompanied by the band of the First United States Infantry, and the Pittsburgh Commandery reached the city this morning. Delegations from St. Johns, N. B., Montgomery, New Orleans, Omaha, Memphis and Nashville are also in the city.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Rev. Dr. Jonas King, American Missionary at Athens, Greece, died there on the 22d of May.

—Mayor Rice, of Chicago, will leave for Europe in a few days, to be absent two or three months.

—Davidson M. Leatherman announces himself as an independent candidate for Governor of Tennessee.

—The total loss by the fire at Georgetown, Ky., on Saturday night of last week, is estimated at $200,000; insurance, $40,000.

—James W. Wilson, Assistant Assessor of the Second District of Ohio, was found dead in his bed Monday morning, from apoplexy.

—The Halifax (N. S.) Repeal League Convention closed its proceedings on Saturday evening, and decided to make annexation their policy.

—Judge Olcott, formerly Judge of the Supreme Court of Louisiana, has been appointed by General Canby Judge of the Hastings Court of Richmond.

—The paper mill at Newton Lower Falls, Mass., owned by Kendall, Rice & Co., was destroyed by fire on Sunday afternoon. Loss $30,000; insured for $12,000.

—A woman of ill fame, named Adda Gertrude Wilson, living in the lower portion of Louisville, committed suicide on Saturday, by taking an overdose of morphine.

—The grand jury at Nashville has found a true bill against Capt. R. T. Patterson, Inman Morgan and others, concerned in the Dickinson tragedy some months since.

—Three daily trains will be run over the Louisville and Cincinnati Air Line Railroad, commencing Monday the 21st inst., the day appointed for the opening of the road for business.

—The Managers of the New York Hospital have decided to locate the new Insane Asylum at White Plains, Westchester county. It will cost a million dollars and accommodate five hundred patients.

—The Soldiers' Home at Albany, N. Y., has been closed for lack of appropriation by the last Legislature for its support. Two hundred inmates have been taken to the Government institution at Augusta, Maine.

—Vice President Colfax and Lieutenant General Sherman arrived at West Point yesterday morning, and dined with President Grant at Ross hotel. The President leaves for New York and Boston this morning.

—Glynn and Cruthers, two of the officers of the ship James Foster, have been convicted on an indictment for cruelty to passengers. Sentence will be for a long term of imprisonment and a heavy fine in each case.

—On Saturday, at the National Soldiers' Home, Dayton, Ohio, Evans, a colored veteran, without provocation, struck Williams, a fellow soldier, also colored, three blows with a hatchet, cleaving his skull and killing him instantly.

—The propeller Queen of the Lakes, of the Evans Buffalo Line, was burned to the water's edge at her docks, at Marquette, Michigan, on the night of the 12th. She was loaded with pig iron. Steamer and cargo both insured.

—The fact that Parkins, the proprietor of the River Side Park, Boston, who held stakes amounting to thousands of dollars, has mysteriously disappeared, causes considerable excitement among the winners of purses. It is feared he will not return.

—A duel was fought on Sunday morning at Lundy's Lane, Canada, between an editor of a Spanish newspaper, of New York, and a Cuban. The latter was shot through both legs. The wounds are serious. An article styling the Cubans cowards was the cause.

—The steamers Minnesota, from Liverpool, and Palmyra, from Messina, arrived at New York yesterday. The latter brought the remains of Capt. Henry A. Wise, which will be interred at Mount Auburn, by the side of those of his late father-in law, Edward Everett.

—T. A. Nesmith, Street Railroad projector, in Cincinnati, on Monday assaulted Richard Smith, editor of the *Gazette*, with a riding whip. The latter grappled him before he could use it and a short scuffle terminated the affair. The cause was, editorial strictures on his management of street railroad routes.

—A special from Springfield, Ills., says: Information which is deemed authentic has been received here that a purse of money is being raised by the ladies of Jacksonville, to be used by them in furnishing W. A. Robinson, recently tried for the murder of Gen. McConnell, with a stock of goods, with which to again commence business at Jacksonville. It is also asserted that the men generally are very much opposed to this movement, and advise Robinson that it will be well for him to leave Jacksonville and not to return.

—Advices from Rio Janeiro by mail to May 8th say: A religious excitement prevails at Pernambuco, which bids fair to cause the expulsion of the Jesuits from the country. A bill was introduced into the Provincial Assembly forbidding Jesuits and Sisters of Charity from entering any Provincial charitable institution, and attention is called to an old decree which expelled Jesuits and forbids their return. The banking firm of Fostilo, Morrissey & Para has failed, owing to an extraordinary run, the Bank of Brazil having advanced $8,000,000 in their paper and securities.

—All the arrangements for the fight to day between Mike McCoole and Tom Allen are completed. It is expected that a large crowd will be in attendance. The steamer Louisville will take the combatants and their friends and spectators to the ground, the location of which is still a secret. Both parties are said to be in fine condition and confident. There is not much betting, but in what little there is the odds are in favor of McCoole. Allen arrived at St. Louis on Saturday, and both he and McCoole are said to be secreted to prevent arrest, there being a very stringent law in Missouri against prize fighting. Quite a number of noted bruisers from abroad, and large delegations from New York, Baltimore and Philadelphia, are expected to be present.

THE COURTS.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Sterrett.

MONDAY, June 14.—Samuel Palmer and Samuel Smith, indicted for larceny, were arraigned and plead guilty, and were remanded to jail for sentence.

Lafayette Graham, indicted for assault and battery, was placed on trial. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and the prisoner was sentenced to pay a fine of twenty dollars and the costs of prosecution.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. J. P. Haigh, indicted for assault and battery, the jury returned a verdict of guilty. Sentence deferred.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. John McGowan indicted for fornication and bastardy, a *nolle pros.* was entered on payment of costs by defendant.

Commonwealth vs. same defendant indicted for adultery, a *nolle pros.* was also entered.

Thomas Parks indicted for larceny plead guilty and was remanded for sentence.

Jordan McFarland, indicted for fornication and bastardy, plead guilty. Sentence deferred.

Gustave Rohrback, indicted for larceny, was arraigned and plead not guilty, and after the case had proceeded, withdrew the plea and plead guilty to the charge and alleged that he was drunk. The sentence of the Court was that the prisoner pay the costs of prosecution and undergo an imprisonment of one year in the Western Penitentiary.

Commonwealth vs. Thomas Smith, two indictments for barratry. The defendant was canstable in the Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, in 1868, and in March of that year brought suit against Mr. Voltz to recover the penalty of $50 for selling liquor on Sunday. It was alleged and proven that he had brought similar suits against several other parties, and the prosecution maintained that Smith had settled the cases on receipt of $25. On trial.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. William Howard, tried on an indictment for larceny, prevevionsly reported, the jury returned a verdict of guilty, and the prisoner was sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and undergo an imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for a term of two years.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

83. Com. vs. Peter Burrumlinger.
101. " James Anderson.
102. " Wm. Barnes.
103. " Wm. Johnston.
104. " Hugh McLane, 2 cases.
106. " Mary Neno, 2 cases.
109. " Samuel Sackett.
110. " Wm. Ward.
111. " Isabella White

Common Pleas—Judge Mellon.

MONDAY, June 14.—John N. Mason et al. adm'rs. vs. J. Snowden & Son. Action on a contract. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

72. Kirk vs. Snowden & Son.
92. Heisel vs. Mitchell.
93. Mellon Bros. vs. Moundfield.
94. Hershauser vs. Mansinger.
96. Anderson vs. Alpert, Hill & Co.
97. Hartman & Lare vs. Finch.
98. Noll vs. Waldschmidt.
103. Ferguson vs. McNish et al.
104. Rohe vs. Rothschild.
105. Owens vs. Robb & Herron.
1. Roberts vs. McGraw & Son.
17. McClinton vs. P., Ft. W. & C. R. W. Co.

—Four attempts to burn a building and lumber yard were made at Syracuse, N. Y., between Saturday night and Monday morning. Small damage was done. A like attempt was made at Baldwinville Sunday night.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

LONDON, June 14.—*Evening*—Consols for money, 92⅝; for account, 92⅞. Five-twenty bonds, 80¾; at Frankfort, 86⅝. Erie, 19½; Illinois, 94.

PARIS, June 14.—Bourse firm. Rentes 71f. 30c.

LIVERPOOL, June 14.—Cotton market quiet; middling uplands, 11⅜; Orleans, 12; sales of 10,000 bales. California white wheat, 9s. 5d.; red western, 8s. 5d. Western Flour 21s. 6d. Corn No. 2 mixed at 27s. 6d. new; 28s. 6d., old. Oats 34d. Barley 5s. Peas 36s. 6d. Pork 100s. Beef 90s. Lard 72s. 6d. Chesse 79s. Bacon 62. Naval Stores quiet. Petroleum 1s. 7½d. Tallow 44s. 3d. Linseed Oil 32s. Cakes 9s.@10s.

LONDON, June 14.—Tallow 44s. Turpentine 27s. Petroleum dull. Sugar 36@40s. Linseed Oil 31s. 3d.

HAVRE, June 14.—Cotton 144½f. on spot. Petroleum at Antwerp firm at 47¾ francs.

CHICAGO, June 14.—Wheat in the afternoon sold to a moderate extent and prices were the same as at the close of Change, No. 2 spring closing at $1,12¼@1.12½, seller the month. Corn closed at 59@59¼c on spot. Oats quiet. In the evening the market was dull, No. 2 spring wheat closing at $1,12¼, seller the month. Provisions and pork products dull. There was nothing doing in lake freights. Beef cattle moderately active, offerings large, and the demand good, but prices easier; fresh receipts at $5,25@7,35, according to quality. Hogs—large supply and fair demand, but the feeling not so firm; sales at $8,25@9,30 for common to choice grades.

ALBANY, June 14.—Beeves are 200 to 300 head short in supply, compared with last week, and prices ¼ to ½c (live weight) higher; market buoyant, with sales of 2,500 head; the highest price realized was 9¼c for very choice Kentucky steers averaging 1,510 lbs; the top market price, however, was 9c. Good butchering cattle are buoyant at mainly 8 to 9¾c; stockers 6½c. Sheep in moderate supply and firm at last week's prices; sales of 4,000 head sheared at 6¼@6¾c for extra, and 7½c for a lot averaging 100 lbs. Hogs—receipts moderate, demand fair, and market ½c higher for heavy; range 9⅜@9⅞c for heavy Illinois.

NEW ORLEANS, June 14.—Cotton advanced ¼c, at 30¼@30½c for middling; sales 1,400, receipts 1,004, exports 3,284 bales. Gold 138½. Exchange 152. New York sight ½ premium. Sugar at 13@13¼c for prime. Molasses nominal. Flour firm at $6 for superfine; $6,25 for double extra, and treble extra at $6,50. Corn at $1,05 for white. Oats at 75c. Bran at $1,15. Hay lower at $25 for prime. Pork held at $34,25. Bacon held at 15@19c. Lard at 19@19½c for tierce, and 20½c for keg. Whisky at 90@92½c for western rectified. Coffee firmer at 14¼@15¼c for fair, and prime 16½@16¾c.

NASHVILLE, June 14.—Cotton market quiet; low middlings at 28c, good ordinary at 27c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE PENDULUM.

Swing on, old Pendulum of the world,
Forever and forever,
Keeping the time of suns and stars,
The march that endeth never.
Your monotone speaks joy and grief,
And failure and endeavor,
Swing on, old pendulum, to and fro,
Forever and forever.

Long as you swing shall earth be glad,
And men be partly good and bad,
And each hour that passes by
A thousand souls be born and die—
Die from the earth, to live, we trust,
Unshackled, unalfied with dust:
Long as you swing shall wrong come right,
As sure as morning follows night.
The day goes wrong—the ages never;
Swing on, old pendulum, swing forever!

PENNSYLVANIA.

THE Porgie season has begun in Easton, and those fish are selling very cheap.

A NEW legal journal called the *Lancaster Bar* has been started in Lancaster city.

IN the 107th year of her age, died, last week, Mrs. Myers, a colored woman of Mercer.

A NEW furnace, belonging to Moffatt Brothers, went into blast last week near New Castle.

WESTMINSTER College, at New Wilmington, Lawrence county, will hold its commencement June 24th.

ON the 21st inst., the citizens of Lewisburg are to celebrate the formal opening of the railroad to that place.

SHARON objects to having her dogs poisoned, and offers $300 reward for the arrest of persons engaged in that work.

IRON ORE has been found on the farm of Henry Lapp, in New Britain, Bucks county, and the mines are being quite successfully operated at present.

ON Sunday last the rite of confirmation was administered, in the Catholic church in Chester, to three hundred and thirteen persons, thirteen of whom were converts from other denominations.

THE Stroudsburg *Jeffersonian* urges the clergy and people of that place to unite in a grand union meeting on the coming Fourth of July, to pray and praise and preach all together in the woods.

A DISASTEROUS fire occurred at Lock Haven, on Tuesday morning of last week. The pattern and machine shops, with their contents, of Harvey, Ricker & Fredericks, were destroyed, involving a loss of $50,000; insurance $25,000.

IN Williamsport, Wednesday night, a brewery belonging to M. B. Weaver, and a small dwelling, together with a German printing office, from which the National Democrat is issued, were destroyed by fire. Weaver's property was insured.

THE Scranton *Republican*, in speaking of a valuable Scotch terrier, which went mad and was shot in that city recently, remarks poetically:

No dorg to love, nor to karess,
How can I ever my sadness express?
Jeff is defunct, dead as a nale;
Hushed is his barkin' and still is his tale.

THE Greenville *Argus* says: Three hundred and two cars of the Pennsylvania and Allegheny Valley oil line, loaded with crude oil, passed over the road from Franklin, bound for Philadelphia, on the fifth instant. Twenty-four thousand one hundred and sixty barrels were thus exported.

PERRY COUNTY was visited by a terrific rain storm on Friday evening last. The rain lasted about forty-five minutes, and the damage done to mill dams, bridges, growing crops, &c., is very heavy. Nearly all the bridges on the Juniata and Buffalo creeks were washed away, as well as several mill dams. The acqueduct at Newport is badly damaged. Part of the town of Bloomfield was submerged.

ON Monday evening of last week portions of Fulton county were visited with the most severe hailstorm ever known in that region. The wheat and corn crops in portions of Todd and Taylor townships were entirely ruined, a steam saw mill and several barns were blown down, three horses killed by falling timbers, and much destruction done to fences, window glass, &c. Hail fell to the depth of 3½ inches.

THE Delaware County *Republican* says: On Saturday afternoon last, about three o'clock, a shower of shells, accompanied by large drops of rain, fell in this vicinity. For an hour previous to the storm, a heavy black cloud appeared in the west, which spread rapidly in all directions, betokening a thunder-storm of unusual violence. At half-past two o'clock a high wind prevailed, which subsided as the rain commenced to fall in large drops, accompanied by what we, and others in this office, supposed to be hail, but which proved, on examination, to be small shells, resembling the shell-fish, known as the round clam. We have a number of these shells now in our possession.

WEST VIRGINIA.

THERE are six hundred and two post-offices in West Virginia.

THE first velocipede has arrived at Clarksburg, and created almost as much sensation as the small-pox.

MR. ROBERT AUSTIN, a farmer living four miles from Morgantown, turned up with his plow and killed, the other day, twenty-eight copper heads. They were serpents, not men.

SMALL-POX is so bad in Clarksburg that at the recent session of the Circuit Court of Harrison county no grand jury was summoned, as the Judge respected the fears of the citizens of the county.

THE dwelling of Mr. George Ritchie in Webster township, Marshall county, was struck by lightning during the storm on Wednesday night. Mr. Ritchie was severely stunned and the house considerably injured.

CONRAD CIDERS, living near Wilsonburg, came to his death under the following circumstances. He was engaged in grubbing with a mattock, when the implement caught in a dogwood root, and suddenly detaching itself, sprang up and struck him on the forehead, from the effects of which he died a few days afterwards.

THE Charleston *Journal* says: On Monday morning last Mr. Elisha Ivans' son, a little boy about eight years old, while playing in Messrs. Bibby & Co.'s mill, was accidentally caught by the belt that runs the corn sheller and was most terribly mangled. The shaft that runs the sheller makes about 35 revolutions to the minute, and it is supposed that the boy was fast about twenty minutes before his situation was made known to the engineer, which would have caused the little fellow to have passed around the drum near seven hundred times. His right leg is broken, the right side of the head is all fractured and his whole right side is terribly bruised.

CLIPPINGS.

THE Wheat crop in the Sciota Valley never looked more promising than it does at this time. The same is reported for the whole of Southern Ohio.

MR. A. B. BUTTLES, of Columbus, has planted, this season, twelve acres of Early Rose Potatoes—which we believe is the most extensive experiment with this early wonder in Southern or Central Ohio.

BRAN for horses is an excellent antidote to the constipating effects of cornmeal. Horses fed through the winter upon fine feed, are liable to sickness in the spring. This is avoided by feeding bran with meal, and it loosens the bowels.

TO DESTROY cut-worms, you must find them first. Lay elder branches among the growing corn, and the worms will draw under them. The hoe has sometimes uncovered fifty worms under a single branch, while the corn is let alone—try it!

SWEET POTATO.—The N. O. *Picayune* says that the sweet potato impoverishes the soil far less than grain crops, and is produced in far greater abundance. It yields from 15,000 to 20,000 pounds to the acre, while corn yields only from 1,000 to 1,200 pounds.

THE annual report for 1868, of the Ohio Dairymen's Association reports 72 cheese factories, of which twenty are in Geauga county, eight in Portage, five in Lake, seven in Ashtabula, four in Trumbull, one in Henry, one in Fulton, seven in Lorain, two in Ashland, three in Huron, five in Medina, two in Cuyahoga and seven in Summit. Of this number forty are represented as being on the Reserve.

THE famous Israel Putnam adventure was paralleled in Irving, Kansas, recently. James Cooley's folks were hunting depredating wolves, and running one to earth, Cooley's little son descended into the den, his father holding him by the heels, caught the wolf by the hind feet, and both were drawn out together. But as modern meddlers have declared the Putnam story a fable, we don't expect any belief in this.

MARASMUS IN AUSTRALIA.—According to the *Medical and Surgical Reporter*, the peculiar disease among the natives of Australia, of which the Moravian missionaries speak, and which "makes cripples of not a few blacks," which makes them "raise their legs high in walking, as if they were in a hurry to get forward, but were prevented by some one holding them back, and they stumble over the slightest obstacle," is a peculiar marasmus, which causes a general withdrawing of the muscles until the patient becomes a living skeleton. Meanwhile the appetite continues, and a remarkable degree of strength is retained. The disease is said to be contagious.

THE wheat crop in Tennessee never, in any previous season, presented so fine an *appearance*. At an earlier period in the growth of this year's crop that cereal gave promise of being more than usually abundant, but since the development of the "head" old and experienced farmers from all parts of the State say that the yield per acre will be a long way under the average. The heads, as a general thing, are stumpy; or else, where they are long, they bag out towards the stem, and are shriveled and slender towards the top—an invariable indication, they affirm, of a poor yield. Yet, in consequence of the great breadth of land sown, the State may be reasonably expected to turn out a good supply.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD, at present, only runs to Sacramento, and the traveler either takes the cars on the California Pacific Railroad to Vallejo, and thence by steamboat to San Francisco, or goes by steamboat over the entire water route from Sacramento. The Western Pacific Railroad from Sacramento to Oakland on the side of San Francisco bay opposite the city, it is stated, however, will be completed by next August. This road is now graded as far as Stockton, and the rails are laid for thirty miles. The railway competition, it is asserted, will not interfere with the present water route of one hundred and twenty-five miles by way of the Sacramento river, as the Steamboat Company are building new boats of sufficient speed to make the trip in from four and a half to five hours. A separate section of the Western Pacific Railroad, twenty miles long, from San Jose to Alameda Canon, was completed in 1866, and accepted by the United States Government, but the work on the remaining 100 miles was suspended. Now, however, as has been stated, the construction of the road has been actively resumed. Near Livermore Pass, however, some very heavy work will be required. A tunnel 1162 feet long, has been driven 331 feet at each end, leaving 500 feet yet to be cut. The rock is soft crumbling slate, which at once requires timber supports. There is also a cut 42 feet deep and 1400 feet long through sandstone rock, and requiring a force of over 200 men. 2000 men, 1000 of whom are Chinese, are employed on the tunnel. They are paid the following rates of wages in gold: Tunnel men, $40 a month; graders, $35, and Chinese, $32.

THE Council of Thirteen Censors, which is elected every seven years, in Vermont, has just been in session. The duty of this body is to inquire whether the Constitution has been preserved inviolate, whether the Executive and the Legislative branches of the Government have performed their duty as guardians of the people, or have exceeded the limits of their jurisdiction; whether the public taxes have been justly laid and collected, and in what manner the public moneys have been disposed of, and whether the laws have been duly executed. The Censors have power to send for persons, papers and records, have authority to pass public censures, to order impeachments, to recommend the repeal of unconstitutional laws, and to call a convention, to meet within two years, to amend the Constitution.

In pursuance of the constitutional regulations, this body met on June 2d (the first Wednesday,) were in session for two days, and adjourned until July 27th. Committees were appointed to report on the resolutions, twenty-five in number, submitted to the Censors. Among the alterations in the Constitution proposed were amendments extending the right of suffrage irrespective of sex, changing the mode of electing the Judges of the Supreme Court, fixing their salaries and enlarging their terms of office, providing for biennial sessions of the Legislature, and for extending the term of service of State officers from one to two years. Resolutions were also adopted directing inquiries whether the usury laws and the laws relating to the sale of intoxicating beverages had been violated.

Quips and Pranks.

Is not a manager, like "any other man," known by the company he keeps?

Alabama is importing Chinese laborers. Prentice thinks they might succeed in cultivating pigtail tobacco.

Money makes the mare go. It has cost £2500 to make the Mayor of Cork go.—*Judy.*

The Tomahawk call the French Suez canal the unkindest "cut" of all.

Cruelty to animals goes by the name of Berghlary in New York.

Prentice's practical philosophy teaches that "if a man begins a conversation by saying 'you know how frank I am,' knock him down without waiting for him to get a word further."

The Leader asks, can Patti's refusal to settle her husband's bills from her income be termed income-Patti-bility of temper?.

While the waiters are on a strike, couldn't the hotel proprietors secure a few tide waiters?—*N. Y. Leader.*

The hotel waiters are waiting for more pay. Paitient waiters are said to be no losers.

How to get a country seat cheap—take a chair into the suburbs and sit down.

Geographical information—the White Sulphur Springs of Virginia during the summer will empty into Blaque Bey.—*N. O. Times.*

Counter attractions—handsome young clerk.

If a dentist and a chiropodist should engage in an altercation, could they be said to be "at it tooth and nail?"

Hue and cry—the blondes and the talk about them.—*Telegram.*

The Spanish authorities persist in saying that the Cuba revolution is all over. So it is—all over Cuba.—*N. Y. Express.*

Her Majesty's customs—to spend as little time as possible in London.—*Tomahawk.*

Just the pudding for cricketers—a better.—*Judy.*

How the Japanese Use Paper.

The Japanese use paper for a great variety of purposes. A recent traveler states that he saw it made into materials so closely resembling Russian and Morocco leather and pig skin, that it was very difficult to detect the difference. With the aid of peculiar varnish and skilful painting, paper made excellent trunks, tobacco bags, cigar cases, saddles, telescope cases, the frames of microscopes; and he even saw and used excellent water-proof coats, made of simple paper, which did keep out the rain, and were as supple as the best india rubber. The Japanese use neither silk nor cotton handkerchiefs, towels, nor dusters; paper, in their hands, serves as an excellent substitute. It is soft, thin, tough, of a pale-yellowish color, very plentiful, and very cheap. The inner walls of many a Japanese apartment are formed of paper, being nothing more than painted screens; their windows are covered with a fine, translucent description of the same material. It enters largely into the manufacture of nearly everything in a Japanese household; and he saw what seemed to be balls of twine, but which were nothing but long shreds of tough paper rolled up. If a shopkeeper had a parcel to tie up, he would take a strip of paper, roll it quickly between his hands, and use it for the purpose; and it was quite as strong as the ordinary string used at home. In short, without paper, all Japan would come to a dead lock; and, indeed, lest by the arbitrary exercise of his authority, a tyrannical husband should stop his wife's paper, the sage Japanese mothers-in-law invariably stipulate in the marriage settlement that the bride is to have allowed to her a certain quantity of paper.—*Boston Journal of Chemistry.*

An Aristocratic Johnny Stele.

The walls of Paris are at this moment covered with bills announcing the sale of the picture-gallery belonging to Count Koucheleff Besborodko. It is said to be the last remnant left—and it belongs to creditors—of the magnificent estate to which he entered into possession just nine years ago. It then was valued at $11,250,000 in gold. He traveled through the East, Southern and Western Europe in great state. There was no whim he refused to gratify. He chartered a steamship to convey him from one part to another. He had special railway trains for his party. He gave princely entertainments. He was lavish of presents. He had a numerous retinue. It was his sister who married Mr. Douglass Hume, the medium. It was he who carried Alex. Dumas to Russia. Nine years ago he was master of $660,000 annual income. It was not enough for him. He could not live on less than $1,200,000 a year—his expenses several years are said to have exceeded this amount of money—and now nothing remains of all that wealth but debt.

THE Sprague-Craig case produced a literature in Chicago, which we fear the *Western Monthly* could not of itself create. The following—the first from the *Tribune* and the second from the *Evening Journal*—are specimens:

TO AMANDA.

Amarda Craig, that gushing girl,
May now dismiss her school-ers,
Since she has won, from poor old Sprague,
A hundred thousand dollars.

TO ELISHA.

Elysha Spraig, ewe badd old eg,
Whoo kant spel wurth a dern,
Yew terned yer back to Mandy Kraig,
And now yer munny's hern.

Downe with yer greenbax, lett 'em trott,
So Mandy Kraig may buy
A luyver Whoo no tumor's gott,
Nor weekness of the I.

And the Chicago *Post* has received, it tells us, advance sheets of a new dictionary of the English language, by Elisha C. Sprague, of which the following are extracts:

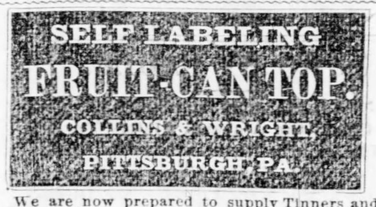
ARISIPLACE, a diceese of the kutical and Sofourth, cozzing soar ise.
BREECHES, of promuse, a De Viss of the deavul to cheet a Man outt of his one munny.
GURY, a Lott of iliterat iggno ram us to help the A foarsed deaval.
ISE, organs of site which i meen to ceep peeled here Rafter.
KAT, a Animal witch gitts outt of the bague sum Times.
SPELING, 1 of the Loast Artts.
SWEALING, a Komplant of the Ise Allso of lawyers heds.
WIMMEN, a Badd investment, especially skule marmbs.

A WASHINGTON dispatch quotes Secretary Fish as saying: The idea of Cuban annexation is unwise; in his view no considerable portion of our people favor it; the Cubans are greatly divided in opinion, but the majority of those engaged in the insurrection appear to want an island republic. He added that under the circumstances the course of Peru and Chili in recognizing the Cubans as belligerents was an open act of hostility to Spain.

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.



We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.
It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,
by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h27 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.
JUST RECEIVED
BY
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.
Latest Shapes Neapolitan and Cactus Hats and Turbans.
Hair Bonnets, Leghorn Sun Hats, Sea Breeze Hats.
Choice French Flowers.
Ribbons, in all colors and widths.
Colored Crapes, Illusions, Laces.
Bonnet and Hat Frames.
Black and Colored Satins.
Fans, Silk, Palm, Linen and Perfumed Fans.
Kid Gloves; in all the new shade; No. 5¼ to 8.
Domestic and Fine Cotton Hose, new lines.
Hamburg Embroideries.
Embroidered Linen Setts.
Lace and Lace Goods.
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas, a full assortment.
Dress Trimmings.
Black and Colored Knotted Fringes.
Buttons, of every description.
Hoop Skirts.
Fine French Corsets.
At the Very Lowest Prices,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
je12

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS.
Silk Fans,
Linen and Palm Leaf Fans,
New Japanese Fans.
SILK PARASOLS, all the New Styles.
WHITE GOODS,
A Beautiful Line.
SUMMER BOULEVARD SKIRTS
At Reduced Prices.
New Puffed Collars and Cuffs,
In Paper and Linen.
CORSETS, a Complete Stock.
GENTS' SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
In Merino, Gauze and Cotton.
WHITE AND STRIPED MUSLIN SHIRTS.
Our Stock of
COTTON HOSIERY
Defies Competition.
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES,
HANDKERCHIEFS.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO,
78 & 80 Market Street.
je9

NEW SPRING GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear,
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars, "Lockwood's "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

DWELLING HOUSES FOR SALE.—Bertha street, $1,200; Wood's Run, $2,500; Union Avenue, $2,500; Virginia street, $2,500; Craig street, $2,600; Second Avenue, $6,000; Sandusky street, $8,000; second Avenue, $8,000; South Avenue, $9,000; Rebecca street, $9,000; North Avenue, $10,000; South Avenue, $12,500; Pean street, $15,000; Ridge street, $25,000; Stockton Avenue, $30,000; Fifth Avenue, $40,000. Others in various locations. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 39 Sixth Avenue. je11

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON.
C. ARBUTHNOT.
NEW SPRING GOODS
JUST OPENED,
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
87 Market Street.
Prints, Muslins, Dress Goods,
SILKS, SHAWLS.
FULL LINE OF
SILK SACQUES,
Very Cheap.
87. MARKET STREET. 87.
ap3

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WALL PAPERS.
WALL PAPER
AND
WINDOW SHADES,
OF
New and Handsome Designs,
NOW OPENING AT
No. 107 Market Street
(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)
Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh23:g41

WALL PAPER.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street,
(NEAR MARKET,)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.
100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.
NEW GOODS.
FINE VASES,
BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.
NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
SMOKING SETS, GIFT CUPS,
A large stock of
SILVER PLATED GOODS
of all descriptions.
Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P.M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET. (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

CEMEMT—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.
NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.
We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
je12
MAY 18, 1869.
BARGAINS
IN
CARPETS.
WINDOW SHADES,
AND
LACE AND NOTTINGHAM
CURTAINS,
New Stock Just Received.
LOWEST PRICES EVER OFFERED.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
my19 (Second Floor).
NEW CARPETS.
FINE CARPETS.
CHEAP CARPETS.
OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES.
Mattings.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
my24:d&wT

MERCHANT TAILORS.
THIRD ARRIVAL OF
SUMMER GOODS AT THE
Boys' Clothing Headquarters,
NO. 47 SIXTH STREET.
GRAY & LOGAN.
je9

McPHERSON & MUHLANBRING,
No. 10 Sixth (Late St. Clair) Street.
(Successors to W. H. McGEE & CO.,)
MERCHANT TAILORS,
Have just received their carefully selected stock of Spring and Summer Goods, and will be glad to show or sell them to old and new customers. The Cutting Department will still be superintended by Mr. C. A. MUHLANBRING.
I take pleasure in recommending the above firm to the liberal support of the public.
mh11:f81 W. H. McGEE.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

ICE.
ICE! ICE! ICE!
WM. KREBS,
ICE DEALER,
No. 55 Diamond Alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.
my15:110

ICE FOR SALE
BY THE TON OR OTHERWISE,
At No. 64 Sandusky Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
my27:j86

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.
Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1.00 per bottle. Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.
For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe4:d99-T:TH S

GOOD NEWS.
CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.
Enquire for WARD'S Bread.
The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else.
au4:TTS

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, June 14, 1869.

CATTLE.

There was a full supply of Cattle on sale to-day, over eight hundred head, and the market was a little slow, and while prime to extra sold at full prices, common and medium grades ruled about a quarter lower. There was an increased number from Indiana and Ohio and falling off in the receipts from Chicago, and the great proportion of those from the two first named states, were grass cattle, and the number of this class on sale to-day was unusually large. It is usually the case that when grass cattle arrive pretty freely, prices decline, and the opinion is generally entertained that the receipts during the next month or two will be large, as there are always a large number of cattle in Ohio, Indiana and Pennsylvania ready for market about this season of the year.

There were received by rail forty-one cars, as follows; 29 from Chicago; 3 from Cincinnati; 2 from Fort Wayne (Ind.) 3 from Muncy, (Ind.) and 4 from Newark, (Ohio.) In addition, there were about 3 car-loads driven in from the country, making a total of 44 car loads on sale, or allowing 18 head to the car, 792 head.

As will be seen by reference to the report of sales, prices ranged from 8@8½, for prime to extra; 7@7½; for good to medium and 5@6¼ for stockers.

Carr & McAlister 37 head Ohio grass cattle, at 5@7¾.

Smith & Blue sold 20 head Ohio grassers, at 7⅜@8.

Hazlewood & Blackstock 90 head Ohio and Illinois cows and steers, at 6@8¼.

Traurman & Lobman 80 head of Ohio and Illinois steers, at 7¼@8½—one extra steer at 9 cents.

E. H. Davis sold 18 head Ohio steers and cows to Traurman & Lobman, at 7¾.

Greenwald & Kahn sold 37 head good Ohio grass cattle, at 7@8¼; including 9 head averaging 1,500 to Andy Ackley; 18 head Chicago steers, at 8.

S. Marks & Bro. 69 head Chicago steers, at 7@8¼.

E Katz & Bro. 33 head Chicago steers, at 7½@8.

Rothchilds & Keefer 38 head Chicago steers, at 5¾@7¾.

Lowenstein & Zeigler 50 head; fat cattle, at 6½@7,85

Haas & Kraus 77 head Chicago—stockers, at 5½; fat cattle, at 7@8.

L. Rothchilds sold 18 head of Butler Co. steers for Sheltemantle, at 6¼@7,60; 27 Chicago steers at 7½@8; 13 head Ohio grassers, at 6¼@7½.

M. Verner 36 head Chicago steers, at 7,60@8,00.

P. Hartman 36 Chicago steers, at 7,60@8,20.

J. Needy sold 34 head Ohio steers, at 7@8¼.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. 69 head mixed stock, at 7,75@8,20—one at 5½.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

There was a fair supply of this class of stock on sale to day, about 1,200 head, and while the market was rather dull and weak, prices, compared with last week, underwent no important change. We are cognizant of some small lots of extra having been sold at 6@6¼ cts per pound, but the bulk of the sales were at from 3½@5½. Lambs sold from $5,50 to $3,50@4 per head.

HOGS.

The market for Hogs continues dull and prices are nominal at 9½@11 cts, in a retail way, for light to prime heavy averages.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Cotton firmer, with sales of 3,700 bales at 32¼c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts, 21,962 bbls; heavy and 5c lower, with sales of 6,400 bbls at $4,60@5,10 for superfine State and western, $5,80@6,25 for extra State, $5,45@6,25 for extra western, $6,25@7,25 for white wheat extra, $5,75@6,65 for R. H. O., $6,50@7,50 for extra St. Louis, and $8@11 for good to choice do. Rye Flour quiet at $4,25@6,25. Whisky firmer, with sales of 225 bbls western at 99c@$1,00. Wheat—receipts, 124,303; fully 1c better, with an active export and fair home trade demand; sales of 239,000 bus at $1,41@1,43 for No. 2 spring to arrive and afloat, $1,14 for Nos. 1 and 2 do. mixed, $1,45@1,46¼c for No. 1 do. to arrive and afloat, $1,55 for choice amber Michigan in store, $1,23 for common winter red western, $1,70 for white California and Michigan. Rye scarce and firmer at about $1,17 for prime Canada in bond. Corn—receipts of 37,385 bush—opened dull, and closed heavy, declining; sales of 68,000 bush at 73@95c for new mixed western via canal, the latter an extreme: 95@97c via railroad; 83@88c for kiln dried; $1 for old mixed western in store. Oats—receipts of 2,725 bush—dull and heavy; sales of 7,000 bush; 78¼@80c for western afloat. Stock in warehouse: 568,399 bush wheat, 304,162 bushels corn, 518,295 bush oats, 103,585 bush rye, 168 bush barley, 37,505 bush peas, 101,936 bush malt. Rice dull. Coffee steady. Sugar dull, ⅛c lower; sales of 600 hhds Cuba at 11⅝@12⅝c. Molasses dull. Hops quiet. Petroleum: crude quiet and steady at 17c; refined lower and dull, at 31@31½c. Linseed oil quiet. Turpentine quiet and steady. Pork steady; sales of 1,575 bbls at $32,62@37,75 for new mess; chiefly $32,62 cash: $32,25@37,00 for old do.; $26,00@26,50 for prime; $28,12@28,50 for prime mess; also 250 bbls new mess seller July at $32,60, and 750 bbls do at $32.75 buyer June and $33,25 buyer July. Beef quiet; sales of 188 bbls at 8@16c for new plain mess. Beef hams steady; sales of 185 bbls at 20@32c. Cut meats firmer; sales of 170 pkgs at 13@13¼c. Shoulders 16@17c. Hams and middies firm and quiet; sales of 45 boxes Cumberland cut and long cut hams at 16@16¾c. Lard firmer: sales of 500 tierces at 18@20c; chiefly 19¾@19¾c for steam, and 20@20¼c for kettle rendered. Butter quiet at 25@32c for Ohio. Cheese heavy at 11@20½c. Freights to Liverpool active and firm; engagements: 165,000 bush wheat at 5d per sail, and 6d per steam.

Latest.—Flour closed heavy and declining, with a limited export demand for fresh ground low grades of extra. Wheat a shade firmer for spring with an active export demand at $1,42½@1,43 for No. 2, and $1,46@1,46¼ for No. 1. Rye quiet and firm at $1,20@1,22 for western. Oats dull and heavy at 78@78½c for western afloat. Corn lower and heavy at 82@91½c for good to prime western mixed via canal, and 91@96c via railroad. Pork quiet at $32,50@32,60 for new mess; sales 250 bbls new mess at $32,50 check Wednesday. Beef unchanged. Cut Meats steady with fair demand. Lard dull at 19¾@19¾c for fair to prime steam. Eggs quiet and unchanged.

CHICAGO, June 14.—Exchange par. Flour market dull and nominally unchanged; sales of spring extras at $5@6, and spring superfine at $4@4,25. Wheat less active, but prices firmer and ¼@¾c higher, closing steady, at $1,11¼ for No. 2 spring; sales in store at $1,14 for No. 1, $1,11@1,11¾ for No. 2 and $1,04½@1,05½ for No. 3; during the afternoon the market was firmer, with sales of No. 2 at $1,12, seller June. Corn market reasonably active and a trifle stronger; sales of No. 1 at 61½@62¼c, by canal. Corn in fair demand at 63@65c; in the afternoon nothing was done and No. 2 was nominal at 59c. Oats nominally unchanged; sales of No. 2 at 59½@60c, closing at 59½@59¾c. Rye moderately active and steady, at 95@96c for No. 1 and 94c for No. 2. Barley dull and neglected, at $1,40@1,45 for No. 2 in store. Highwines: buyers and sellers wide apart in views; the market closed nominal at 92@94c. Mess Pork quiet but firm at $33. Sweet Pickled Hams a shade stronger and higher; sales 750 tierces at 15½@16c. Lard quiet but firm at 18¾c for country, and 19¼c for steamed. Bulk meats firmer; 25,000 lbs sold at 13c loose for cash, and 30,000 lbs rough sides at 15¼c buyer for July. Freights less active at 8@8½c for corn to Buffalo, and 13c for wheat to Oswego. Receipts: 8,725 bbls flour, 89,535 bus wheat, 179,500 bus corn, 40,175 bus oats, 1,429 bus rye, 2,331 hogs. Shipments: 4,702 bbls flour, 143,698 bus wheat, 119,290 bus corn, 85,423 bus oats, 1,544 bus rye, 3,313 hogs.

ST. LOUIS, June 14.—Tobacco steady and unchanged. In Cotton and Hemp there is nothing doing. Flour in good demand for low grades and firm for superfine at $4,25@4,87½; fall extra $5@5,62½; for double extra $5,75@6,50; for treble extra $7@8,50. Wheat dull and lower at $1,15@1,35 for prime to choice fall; $1,50@1,60 for strictly choice to fancy; $1,07@1,10 for prime to choice No. 2 spring; $1,11@1,12 for No. 1. Corn—white in good demand and firm; other grades dull and irregular; mixed in bulk 64@65c; choice white 73@75c; mixed in sacks 68½c; yellow 72@74c; mixed white 76@78c; white 80@83½c. Oats firm at 58½@59c in bulk, and 64@66c in sacks. Rye steady at 93@95c for prime to choice. Whisky steady and firm at 94c. Sugar stronger at 13¾@14c for prime Louisiana, and 14¼@14½c for choice do. Coffee firm at 24@24½c for prime Rio, 25@25½c for choice, and 26c strictly choice Plantation. Provisions very firm but not much doing. Pork advanced to $33,50, but held higher at the close. Bacon stiff with an upward tendency; shoulders sold at 14¼c, clear rib sides 18c; clear sides 18½c. Lard advanced to 18¾c; choice country 19c; city refined at 20¾@20¾c for keg. Cattle in good demand at 4@7¼c. Hogs quiet at 7@9c Receipts—3,500 bbls flour, 10,600 bush wheat, 16,000 bush corn, 14,000 bush oats, 500 bush rye, 250 hogs.

CINCINNATI, June 14.—Flour dull; family at $5,50@5,56. Wheat unchanged; red at $1,15@1,20. Corn firm at 61@63 for ear, 64@66 for shelled. Oats in good demand; sales of 10,000 bushels at 68@72. Rye dull at $1. Cotton firm; middlings at 30. Whisky firmer; sales at 92@92½, holders asking 93. Mess Pork held firmer at $33, though 3,000 barrels sold at $32,75. Lard held at 19½, with a good demand at 19. Bulk Meats held at 13@15¾, nothing done of importance. Bacon firm; small sales at 14¼@14½, but it is generally ¼ higher as a rule. Sugar Cured Hams at 19¾@20¾. Butter is higher; fresh 24@28, supply light. Eggs dull at 14@15. No change in Oils. No change in the money market, Gold at 138¾, buying.

TOLEDO, June 14.—Flour dull. Wheat; amber 1c better and fairly active, at $1,31 for No. 1; white Michigan, $1,53: No. 1 red, $1,25; No. 2 do, $1,19; No. 3, $1,10. Corn is a shade lower, with sales of No. 1 at 68c, No. 2 at 66c, rejected at 55@55½c, and yellow at 70c. Oats a shade lower, at 64¾@65c for Michigan, and 63½c for No. 2. Rye is dull. Receipts—3,500 barrels flour, 15,700 bushels wheat, 31,700 bushels corn, 10,900 bushels oats, and 300 bushels rye. Shipments—800 barrels flour, 2,300 bushels wheat, 3,900 bushels corn, and 7,600 bushels oats.

CLEVELAND, June 14.—Flour; there is nothing of importance doing beyond what is required for local trade; prices are low and very irregular. Wheat—No. 1 red winter held at $1,27, and No. 2 do. at $1,17. Corn; sales of 1,700 bus and 2 cars mixed at 70c. Oats; sales 2 cars at 65c, and 1 car at 64½c. Rye held at 90@95c for No. 2; No. 1 do. $1,00@1,05. Petrolem: sales of refined at 26c for June and July in round lots; standard white in retail lots 2@3c advance.

BALTIMORE, June 14.—Flour dull and favors buyers. Wheat dull and weak with sales of red at $1,50@1,60. Corn active and advanced; sales of prime white at $1,01@1,02; do. yellow 93@94c. Oats dull at 72@75c. Rye dull at $1,25. Mess Pork firm at $33@33,50. Bacon active; rib sides at 18c, clear rib 18¾c, shoulders 15c, and hams 21@22c. Lard firm at 20c. Whiskey quiet but firm at 98c@$1.

MILWAUKEE, June 14.—Flour weak and nominally ½c lower. Wheat quiet and steady at $1,15¼ for No. 1, and $1,11½ for No. 2. Oats quiet at 59c for No. 2. Corn 58@58½c for No. 2. Rye firm at 95c for No. 1. Barley dull and nominally unchanged. Receipts: 3,000 bbls flour, 109,000 bus wheat, 3,000 bus oats. Shipments: 5,000 bbls flour, 124,000 bus wheat, 1,600 bus oats.

PHILADELPHIA, June 14.—Flour dull and weak; spring wheat extra family $5,70@6,50; Ohio do. $7@8 Wheat quiet and steady; red $1,40@1,50. Rye offered at $1,25. Corn firm; high mixed western 88@90c. Oats steady; western 75@77c. Provisions unchanged. Petroleum quiet; crude 12c; refined 31½c. Whisky sells at 97c@$1,00.

LOUISVILLE, June 14.—Provisions stronger. Pork $33. Bacon; clear sides 18½c; clear rib 18c; shoulders 14½c. Hams; sugar cured 19c. Lard 19c for tierce. Highwines $1,12; sales 159 hhds. Tobacco $4.90@16,00. Grain week. Wheat; red $1,10; white $1,20. Shelled Corn in bulk 65c. Oats 67c. Rye $1,20.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Totals for the week 7,366 cattle, 96 fresh cows, 2,914 calves, 25,970 sheep and lambs, and 27,600 hogs. The total of cattle is very large and with 3,360 on sale to-day in a heavy rain the market was slow at scarcely the rates of Friday. The decline is fully ½c for the week, and most of the cattle were sold. The weather clearing up in the afternoon trade improved towards the close. The quality was medium, the most of the cattle being from Illinois which furnished 6,300 during the week, Texas gave 260 and Missouri the same. Alexander sent 1,128 head. His 700 to-day sold for 14@16c, very few above 15½c; a lot of 53 cwt Texas brought 13c, with 90 still fed Illinois, 6¾ cwt. ,at 14½c; the bulk of sales were from 14 to 15½c, averaging 14¾c; fresh cows sell slowly at $60 to $90 for cow and calf; fat calves are worth 11@12c; thin 7@8¾c. Sheep are a glut again and not at all selling; there are 30 cars to 6,800 on the market to-day; prices are ½c lower than a week ago; it is taking very fine sheep to bring 7 cents; thin are worth 5½c and good 6½c; a car of extra 94 lb Indiana sheep brought 7½c; a car of 93 lb 7c; a lot of 90 lb 6¾c, with a car of 72 lb Ohio at 5¾c. Lambs slower at 12 to 13½c, a lot of 52 lb selling at the latter price, with some of 54 lb State at 12c. Hogs are pouring in; 88 cars have arrived and 10,170 head are arriving to-day; dressed advanced to 12c on Saturday, but are 11¾c to-day; live brought 9½ to 9¾c, with a car of prime 222 lb Illinois at 10c, and a car of 198 lb at 9¾c.

PHILADELBHIA, June 14.—Beef cattle dull and unsettled and rather lower; sales 1,800 head at 9¼@9¾c for extra western steers, 8@9c for fair to good, and 7½c for gross common. Sheep: a fair demand; sales 10,000 head at 5@6¼c per pound gross. Hogs firmer; sales 3,000 head at $12@12,50 for slop, and $13@13,75 for corn per cwt.

CHICAGO, June 14.—Cattle in good local and shipping request; prices 10@15c lower; $4,87½@5,80 for butchers stock, and $6,55@7,35 for fair to shipping steers. Hogs firm and active at opening, but quiet and weak towards close; $8,75@9,30 for good to choice.

RIVER NEWS.

The river is rising slowly, under the influence of the recent rains, and last evening the Monongahela marks indicated five feet. Weather continues cloudy and warm with indications of more rain.

The Maggie Hays from St. Louis, and Julia No. 2 from Zanesville, are the only arrivals we have to report, while the New State for Wheeling, was the only departure.

By dispatch from Capt. Thos. S. Calhoon, we learn that the steamer Sallie arrived at Benton, Saturday, forty-eight days from St. Louis, double trip from Grand Island.

The Messenger from Minneapolis, is among the first boats due.

The Kate Putnam, R. C. Gray and Camelia, are laid up. It is not likely, however, that they will continue quiet very long.

The Maggie Hays will make a trip to Cincinnati and Louisville.

The Allegheny was stationary at Oil City yesterday with 25 inches in the channel—heavy rains there, as here, on Saturday night and Sunday.

—Captain George E. Wilkinson has taken command of the Dora in the Red River trade.

—Captain Dave Asbury, of the Andy Johnson, has been presented with a gold-headed cane by the citizens of Keokuk.

—The hull of the old Cottage No. 2 has been converted into a salt barge, and is owned by John L. Charles, of Point Pleasant.

—The Judge Fletcher was sold last Tuesday to J. M. Peterson, a well-known coal merchant, of New Orleans, who intends to build a side wheel steamer for the lower coast trade, and will use the Fletcher's machinery.

—A new hull for the machinery of the Ada Lyon has been contracted for at Evansville by the Green and Barren River Navigation Company.

The Glendale was to have left St. Louis for Pittsburgh on Saturday.

—We clip the following from the St. Louis *Republican* of Saturday: The Wauaniti, after repeated "bells" for departure, finally got off last evening. The Bengal Tiger arrived with a large tow of ice, etc. She also had in tow the fore and aft schooner, of which we gave a description in yesterday's edition. This is the first through sea-going vessel that will leave St. Louis. She is already loaded, and will probably leave for New Orleans on Monday. The St. Joseph goes through to Girardeau this trip. The Glendale will take the shafts of the ill-fated Carrie Kountz to Pittsburgh where they will be placed in the new boat which Commonore Kountz is building at that point.

—The officers of the Liberty report the Annte Laurie sunk in Kanawha in a bad conditition. There are two feet of water upon her decks, but she can probably be raised when the river falls.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, June 12.—8 cars pig iron Nimick & Co; 7 do do, Bryan & C; 5 do do, Superior Mills; 1 do do, Robison & Rea; 1,200 sks, 300 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 100 do do, Wilson & Son; 18 do cullett, Campbell, Jones & Co; 5 bdls spouts, Adler & Co; 5 cases lye, Penna Salt Co; lot of shipstuff, Robb & Herron; 16 bbls eggs, Voigt, M & Co: 4 do do, 3 do bacon, 7 pails butter, H Rea Jr; 3 plows, Hall & Spear; 66 tcs hams, Sellers & Co; 11 bxs cheese, Woodworth & D; 36 do jars, W Little; 32 do, Bennett & F; 1 car rakes, W W Wallace; 5 bdls iron, I Jones, 37 sks rags, M'Cullough, S & Co; 50 bxs cheese, N J Braden; 25 do do, 15 reams paper, Godfrey & C; 4 bbls eggs, Morrison & D; 2 do bacon, Little & Baird; 45 sks rags, Pitts Paper Co; 1 car middlings, J Dorrington; 1 do reapers, W F Bostwick; 2 do stone, Trinity Church; 2 do do, J Hinchliff; 1 do do, J L L Knox.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, June 14.—4 cars limestone ore, Reese, Graff & Dull; 2 cars iron ore, Bryan & Caughey; 12 grind stones, Lippincott & K; 147 hf bbls herring, J S Dilworth; 40 bbls lard, Dithridge & Son; 1 car lumber, R P Burgan; 2 cars limestone ore, Zug & Co; 3 do iron ore Shoenberger, Blair & Co; 199 sks oats, McHenry & Hood; 50 bbls lime, Pitts Manufacturing Co; 9 coils rope, lot iron, Godfrey & Clark: 7 bxs cheese, A & J Kerr; 10 bxs cheese, Watt, Lang & Co; 30 bdls bows, Thos Hare & Bro; 7 bbls dry paint B & L Fahnestock & Co; 2 cars stone, J L L Knox; 4 bbls buckwheat flour, Totten & Co; 100 empty oil bbls, C A Wormcastle; 13 bgs grain, Fleming & Bro; 1 bbl copper, J Dunlap.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, June 13.—57 sks corn, 82 do oats, Scott & Gi- 1 car stone Henderson & Co; 1 do pig iron, Rees, Graff & Co; 11 sks rye, Voigt, M & Co; 1 cas lime, D L Reynolds; 1 do grain, Martin B & Co; 2 do pig iron, Lyon, Shorb & Co; 1 bx hardware, J Dunlap; 8 bbls whisky, M'Cullougn, S & Co; 4 do cautle coal, Boston Gaslight Co; 2 cars pig iron, H Woodsides; 1 do do, J Painter & Sons; 126 sks rye, W M'Kim & Co.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, June 13.—20 tcs hams, Dalzell & T; 35 do do, J H Parker, 5 do do, G Mitchell; 5 do do, Drape & R; 1 car oats, S Hood; 3 sks wool, W Barker; 21 do potatoes, J Cook; 52 do do, J Getty; 8 grain drills, J O Wilson; 58 bales cotton, H B & Co; lot metal, Mitchell, S & Co; 20 sks oats, F Schild.

ALLEGHENY STATION, June 14.—2 cars staves, J M Hemphill; 2 do do, Ralya & Robertson; 7 do limestone, Superior Iron Co; 1 do lime, J Abdell; 1 do metal, Lindsay & McCutcheon; 3 bgs seed, M B Suydam; 6 bxs ink, W H Brill & Co; 5 kgs meal, Moon & Bro; 16 bbls flour, E M Jenkins.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING

STONE.

WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common Allegheny.

FRED'K ATWATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c. Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

RIVER PACKETS.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

1869.

NORTHERN LINE PACKETS,

FROM

St. Louis to Keokuk and St. Paul,

AND ALL INTERMEDIATE PORTS.

One of the splendid Sidewheel Steamers of this Line will leave St. Louis daily for Keokuk, Davenport, Dubuque, Winona, Stillwater and St. Paul. Through receipts for Freight and Passengers will be given to all points on the Upper Mississippi on steamers running from this port and connecting with the Northern Line Packets at St. Louis, thus enabling Consignees to get their Freight through without delay and at lowest rates. Apply to JOHN FLACK,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
Agents, or to
R. C. GRAY,
91 Water street.

mh26:g23

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS,
GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.
Freight will be received at all hours by
JAMES COLLINS,
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
Agents.

ap13

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS

Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated
CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF LONDON,
Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to
WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.
70 FIFTH STREET, (Chronicle Building, Nearly opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

J. L. DILLINGER.....A. E. STEVENSON.

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,

DISTILLERS AND DEALERS IN

Pure Rye Whiskies.

IMPORTERS OF

BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.,

No. 87 Second Avenue,

ap20 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T GORMLY, 1814.

W. M. GORMLY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

No. 271 Liberty Street,

(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

se :y16

M. STEELE.....J. A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.

No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

W. C. ARMSTRONG,

Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 25 MARKET STREET.

my18

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART

KEIL & RITCHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c.,

349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh.

my24:b87

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 396 PENN STREET.

ap18:x89

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 113 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

ja12:r58

JOHN I. HOUSE..EDW. HOUSE....WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

PROPOSALS.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, June 7, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M. on TUESDAY, June 15th, 1869, for grading and paving the following streets and alleys, viz:

Montgomery alley, from North alley southward, 3d ward.

Market street from Washington avenue to Walnut street, reserving central space or forty feet, where width is ninety feet and over, 5th and 6th wards.

Fayette street from Fulton street to Beaver avenue, 5th ward.

Carpenters alley from Pine street to Union alley, 8th ward.

Also, for grading only, Evans alley, north of Nixon street, 6th ward.

Also, for paving only, Blossom alley, between O'Hara street and Peach alley, 3d ward.

Specifications can be seen in the office of Chas Davis, Esq., City Engineer

W. M. PORTER, Controller.

je8:k38

SEALED PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Water Committee until 7 o'clock, TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 15th, 1869, for laying 20, 15, 12, 10, 8 and 6 inch pipes. Bids will be received for digging, filling and ramming the trenches for the pipe, by the cubic yard or by the lineal foot of pipe laid for the digging of trenches, laying pipe and making all connections at cross streets.

For setting and connecting fire plugs, separate bids will be received.

For further information apply to

JOSEPH FRENCH, Superintendent.

je9:k39

DYER AND SCOURER,

H. J. LANCE,

DYER AND SCOURER.

No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET

And Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PEARL ASH.—25 casks for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LEGS!

LEGS!!

The Artificial Limb Manufacturing CO.

CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF PENNA.

All Shareholders are Men Wearing the Limbs Made by the Company.

To those requiring a limb we would say that our own experience has induced us to establish a factory here that would make a comfortable and durable limb for a *reasonable price.* After trying a number of solid socket and padded socket legs, we have each found more comfort and usefulness in this "ADJUSTABLE LACEING SOCKET" than in any other made in the country. One of our number, a skilled mechanic, has charge of the shop. We have bought the right to use two of the best patents, and by our experience we hope to improve in every way that will add to the comfort, durability or appearance of the limbs we make. We have put the price of our new legs at $80. Persons from a distance are only detained in the city while the measure and a cast of the injured limb is taken.

The saving to purchasers, as compared with Eastern prices, is from $20 to $25 in the price of legs; at least $20 railroad fare, hotel bills and other traveling expenses, and then we are satisfied that our limb *will give better satisfaction than any one made in New York or Philadelphia.* If we can get orders, we can maintain our factory at the above price, and we therefore ask an examination before going elsewhere.

We make to order and keep on hand a supply of stockings, braces, and appliances for injured or deformed limbs, also, crutches, trusses, shoulder braces, &c. For further information or circular, containing many testimonial letters from those who have worn our artificial limbs, address ARTIFICIAL LIMB MANUFACTURING CO., No. 593 PENN STREET, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap13:b35 TTHT

BANKRUPTCY PLAYED OUT!

$2.00.—THIS CARD

entitles the bearer, on presentation, to TWO DOLLARS abatement on a cash purchase of $25.00 at the great cheap clothing house of

S. C. TRAUERMAN,

ORIGINAL BIG NUMBER 11,

Sixth Street, late St. Clair.

Nobody beat by this establishment, but fair dealing to all! Call and be convinced. All clothing plainly marked by printed cards, at

LOWEST CASH PRICES,

So that no one may be deceived. Remember the place, original big number 11, SIXTH STREET, late St. Clair.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS OF THIS!

S. C. TRAUERMAN.

de25:TU-S

Restores gray and faded Hair to its ORIGINAL COLOR, removes Dandruff,

CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE SCALP,

Prevents BALDNESS, and makes the hair grow Soft, Glossy and Luxuriant.

$1.00 and $1.50 per Bottle. Each Bottle in a Neat Paper Box.

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N.Y. Sold by all Druggists.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

I have in store and am constantly receiving direct from manufacturers, a complete assortment of BUILDERS' HARDWARE which I offer for sale on as fair terms as any house in the city, together with a fine assortment of CUTLERY, GUNS and REVOLVERS. Also, the best selection of MECHANICS' TOOLS, comprising all the latest and best improvements known to the trade.

I have my factory in full operation as usual, and am prepared to do all kinds of job work the same as before the fire of the 2d of February, such as grinding razors, scissors, knives, putting in knife blades, and repairing all kinds of light machinery.

JAMES BOWN,

NO. 136 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

Also, Agent for Grosskope's famous MAGIC LINEN MARKER, the greatest novelty in the world. fe27:TF

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD

No. 100 Third Avenue,

Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods,

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of

Lace and Nottingham Curtains Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth, Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD,

NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.

my8:193

SLATE.

ROOFING SLATE OF VARIOUS

Qualities and Colors.

Particular attention given to laying Slate and repairing Slate roofs. For particulars and prices address

J. S. NEWMYER,

No. 43 Seventh Avenue,

mh31:g56 PITTSBURGH, PA

GRAY'S FERRY

PRINTING INK WORKS.

C. E. ROBINSON,

MANUFACTURER OF

Black and Colored Printing & Lithographic

INES, VARNISHES, &C.

Gray's Ferry Road and 33d Street,

fe16:e60 PHILADELPHIA.

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND

COMMISSION STABLES

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ap28:b4

RAILROADS.

1869.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R. From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

Leave.		Arrive.	
Chicago Ex....	2:08 a m	Chicago Ex..	1:58 a m
Erie & Yg'n Ex.	7:28 a m	Chicago Ex..	12:03 p m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:15 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail..	6:58 a m	St. Louis Ex	7:08 p m
Chicago Ex....	9:43 a m	Chi'go Ex & Mail	4:08 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	2:08 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:53 p m
Chicago Ex..	2:23 p m	Erie & Yg'n Ex	5:58 p m
W'e & Erie Ex	4:38 p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex	6:53 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		*Arrive in Allegheny.*	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	8:58 a m	Leetsdale Ac..	6:58 a m
Leetsdale "	10:03 a m	Bea'r Falls "	8:38 a m
" "	11:58 a m	New Castle "	10:23 a m
Rochester "	1:28 p m	Enon "	9:43 a m
Enon "	3:58 p m	Leetsdale "	1:08 p m
Leetsdale Acc	5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls "	2:43 p m
Bea'r Falls "	6:13 p m	Leetsdale "	4:33 p m
Leetsdale "	10:43 p m	" "	7:23 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church.	1:13 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church.	9:58 a m

2:23 p. m. Chicago Express leaves daily.
12:03 p. m. Chicago Express arrives daily.

J. M. KIMBALL, Gen'l Ticket Agent. J. N. M'CULLOUGH, Gen'l Supten't.

my10

CHANGE OF TIME.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD,

THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO THE OIL REGIONS WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

On and after MONDAY, June 14th, 1869 TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY (except Sunday) will leave Pittsburgh Depot, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

LEAVE PITTSBURGH.		ARRIVE IN PITTSBURGH	
Day Ex.....	8:00 a m	Day Ex.....	5:15 p m
Night Ex....	7:30 p m	Night Ex....	6:30 a m
Brady's B Ac	3 05 p m	Bradys B Ac	10:15 a m
Freeport Ac	9:40 a m	1st soda W'ks	7:40 a m
2d Soda W'ks	6:30 p m	Freeport Ac.	6:15 p m
1st Hulton...	6:45 a m	1st Hulton..	8:50 a m
2d Hulton...	12:00 m	2d Hulton...	2:00 p m
3d Hulton...	11:00 p m	3d Hulton...	1:05 p m
Arnold's Ac.	5:00 p m	Arnold's Ac.	7:40 p m

Church train to and from Soda Works leave Pittsburgh at 1:10 P. M. Arrive at Pittsburgh, (Sundays,) at 9 50 A. M.

Express trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation trains stop at all stations

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Sup't.
THOMAS M. KING, Ass't. Sup't.

ap30

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. On and after April 25th, 1869, Trains will arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Mail Train.....	1:25 am	*Day Express..	2:15 am
Fast Line.....	1:45 am	Southern Ex..	4:50 am
Wall's No. 1..	6:20 am	Wall's No. 1..	6:30 am
Brinton Acc'n.	7:50 am	Mail Train.....	8:15 am
Wall's No. 2..	8:50 am	How'd Ac No 1	10:20 am
Cincinnati Ex.	9:10 am	*Cincin'ti Ex	12:30 pm
Johnstown Ac	10:35 am	Wall's No. 2..	11:51 am
How'd Ac No 1	1:10 pm	Johnstown Ac.	3:05 pm
Pittsb'gh Ex.	1:30 pm	Braddocks Ac.	3:40 pm
Phila. Express	1:50 pm	Ph

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors,

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:

GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST.

OFFICIAL PAPER

Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

Terms—Daily.	Semi-Weekly.	Weekly.
One year...$8.00	One year..$2.50	Single copy..$1.50
One month 75	Six mos.. 1.50	5 copies, each 1.25
By the week 15 (from carrier.)	Three mos 75	10 " " 1.15 and one to Agent.

TUESDAY, JUNE 15, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK.

ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.

STATE SENATE.
THOMAS HOWARD.

ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.

SHERIFF,
HUGH S. FLEMING

TREASURER,
JOS. F. DENNISTON.

CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.

RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.

COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.

REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.

CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.

DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, Pennsylvania and West Virginia Items, Clippings. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: Farm, Garden and Household.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86⅜.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 47¼f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 138⅜.

THE Republicans of Erie instruct their delegates for GEARY and WILLIAMS. Cambria decides, by a very close vote, also to support GEARY'S renomination.

IT HAS been held by the proper authorities at Washington, that the Government is responsible to soldiers for the amount of checks issued for their bounty and arrears of pay, and improperly paid by its disbursing agents, as, for example, to claim agents under the authority of alleged powers of attorney.

IN THE County Republican Convention held at Washington, Pa., yesterday, a resolution endorsing the course of the *Commercial* in its recent attacks on the members of the Legislature, charging them indiscriminately with bribery and corruption, was defeated by an overwhelming vote. This is a good sign of the times.

EACH reduction of the tolls per Atlantic Cable has been attended with an actual increase of the total receipts. The £20 tariff yielded £505 per day; at £10 the receipts were £579; at £5. 5s, the daily business grew to £635, and now at £3. 7s. 6d., the daily revenue is £653. Still further reductions in the tariff may be expected.

SOME funny Democrat adopts the signature of THOMAS JEFFERSON, over which to demand, in the Philadelphia *Age*, the inscription of these sound Democratic principles, among others, upon the banner of the party, to-wit:

White men and black to be governed by *white men alone.*

The laws to be made and executed by *white men alone.*

The *restoration* of the liberties of 1776.

Such an incongruous juxtaposition is enough to make the dry bones turn over at Monticello.

THE New York *Times* says:

The cost to the journals which constitute the Associated Press of New York for news collected by the Association during 1868, and paid by them, after deducting all that had been paid by other journals throughout the country, as shown by their records, was $380 11 *per week* for each paper.

It has been the impression, among the Western Press, that the New York Association receives, for news sold to the Western and other Associations, more than its original cost to themselves. Nor does the paragraph above quoted refute that opinion, as clearly as desirable.

ALTHOUGH the Emperor's government has a very large majority of the members of the new French Corps Legislatif, it is nevertheless known that the majority on the popular vote was really small. It is even said that of the seven and a half millions of votes just cast, but four millions were thrown for the Imperial candidates. If such were the fact, it suffices to explain the motives which have prompted the Duc de Persigny, formerly a confidential minister of the Emperor and always his trusted counsellor, to recommend, in a published letter, a larger liberalization of the political institutions of the Empire. In timely concessions to the popular demands, he finds renewed strength for the Imperial dynasty. It is said that the Emperor has of late shown a marked inclination to rely upon the advice of his tried friends, in matters of public concern; it remains to be seen whether he will venture in the direction now recommended.

MORE THAN seven hundred young ladies put in applications for "light and honorable" employment in Chicago at few days ago, in response to an advertisement for ballet girls to produce one of the sensational spectacular dramas of the day. These seven hundred were willing, nay anxious, to appear before crowded audiences, six nights in the week, in costume closely resembling that worn by Mother Eve, before she had raised much of a family. For this delicate and refined labor, these girls expected several shillings per night, or perhaps a trifle more, if their terpsichorean talents were well developed and their pedal extremities were pleasing to lecherous eyes. Such an exhibition of female loosness of character is not alone peculiar to wicked Chicago. Here in moral Pittsburgh, when ballet girls are wanted to figure as the "Forty Thieves," the managers of our theatres have to close the doors against the swarm of comely women who have ambition to fill the bill. There is something wrong in all this. Womanly virtue and modesty must be largely on the decline, else why do so many turn from honest and glorifying domestic work as a thing to be shunned, and seek humiliating places on the stage in capacities where it is impossible to retain the purity of their hearts, even if they had such an article before applying for permission to strip off and go nude before a sensuous public. There is a large field for educational reform in this direction, and the sooner inaugurated the better for general society. Let our girls be educated up to the belief that they are to be the mothers of a race to come; that their stocks of womanly virtue and modesty are their most precious possessions, and that there is no accomplishment greater than that of being able to discharge household duties, or of being capable of earning money in a legitimate way in any of the industrial callings.

THE APPROACHING CONVENTION.

The Republican State Convention will meet at Philadelphia, on Wednesday of next week, to nominate candidates for Governor and Judge of the Supreme Court, and, in accordance with usage will give expression, in the form of resolutions, to the views and organization on topics of current political interest.

It seems clear that a majority of all the delegates are instructed to re-nominate for Governor the present incumbent, General JOHN W. GEARY. But there are reports, entitled to more or less reliance, which predict his speedy transfer either to a foreign mission or to a seat in President GRANT'S Cabinet. Upon the probabilities of this transfer, we do not care to speculate, because the fact is liable to speedy disclosure.

Provided Governor GEARY should accept a position under the National Government, the indications are that the choice of the Convention, for a candidate to succeed him in the administration of the affairs of this Commonwealth, will fall between General JOHN F. HARTRANFT, of Bucks county, and Hon. W. W. KETCHUM, of Luzerne county. General HARTRANFT has an excellent war record behind him, and in civil trust has been marked by strong good sense and unquestionable probity. Mr. KETCHUM is a man of more than ordinary capacity and experience, and has passed through the ordeal of both branches of the Legislature with high reputation. There is no smell of dishonesty upon his garments.

To the nomination of the Hon. H. W. WILLIAMS for Judge of the Supreme Court, there is no opposition. His conduct on the bench has fully sustained, if not largely augmented the opinion of his talent and integrity which preceded him.

Probably an attempt will be made to have the Convention make an issue of the Alabama claims, on the basis of Mr. SUMNER'S speech, or some other extreme presentation of the case. We trust the Convention will not listen to this suggestion, no matter from what quarter it may come. Months ago, we assured our readers that a plan had been concerted to place the demand for indemnity on such grounds as necessarily to lead to war with Great Britain. What we foresaw, has since been so plainly developed that all must see it. There may be not a little of partizan charlatanism mixed up in the proposed movement. If so, we remark that this is much too serious a question to be dealt with after that manner. Republicans throughout the whole land have a just confidence in the competency of the national government to manage this delicate question in a manner to vindicate the rights of aggrieved citizens, and, at the same time, to maintain the public honor. When this confidence shall be disappointed—which it is not likely to be—it will be time enough to drag this issue into State politics.

WHICH SHALL BE THE POLICY?

From London, comes a rumor of the purport of the American Minister's first official communication to the English government. He makes a formal announcement of the rejection of the Alabama treaty by the Senate, and that our government concurs heartily in that disposition of the matter. Expressing our earnest desire for the adjustment of all differences between the two nations, he invites further overtures from England, for which our liberal consideration is pledged. It is worthy of note that Mr. MOTLEY specifically recognizes the existence of individual claims for damages on both sides. This does not concede the justice of those claims, but simply regards the fact of their existence.

In the general agreement of this rumor with the received American understanding of the nature of the instructions given to our Minister from Washington, we find reason to consider it reliable, and also to presume that his first official note to the English Court simply includes all that we have now to say touching this question. It is thus left with England to neglect or to resume further negotiations at her discretion. This position of the affair is quite in accord with the prevailing judgment of this country, which would place the responsibility, for the settlement of the controversy, with England, where it properly belongs. Of course, we all know that this American judgment stands squarely upon an equally general American conviction, that England cannot afford to leave the question always open, and that she shall speedily come, herself, to the same conclusion. Our view of the situation is about to be put to the test of events. Unless the English justify our expectations by originating fresh propositions for a settlement, our people must, consistently, look upon these Alabama claims as adjourned to a more convenient season—and the question as laid aside accordingly. It seems entirely safe to predict that no unseemly haste, to reopen the negotiations, will be manifested from the other side.

Upon the case as it is now left, supposing our construction of the situation to be correct, it is apparent that the Administration occupies ground with which a partizan clamor demanding the enforcement of these claims, would directly conflict. The President, advised by his Cabinet, presents the American policy as one of masterly inactivity. We have put our claims on the record; we protest that they shall neither be rejected nor forgotten; and we patiently await such response as England may see fit to make. Now, if Messrs. Sumner, Butler, Forney & Co., propose to push things by making a political issue upon this controversy, and attempting to force the Administration into more vigorous measures, it will be easy to see that instead of supporting the President, the policy of these gentlemen could not fail to embarrass him exceedingly. Granted that their views are to prevail, Mr. MOTLEY must again take up the negotiations which he has just laid down, and his country will be again burthened with the responsibility, of discovering and presenting a practical mode of settlement, of which it has just divested itself.

If Republicans would give a cordial and intelligent support to the Administration in this business, we should confine ourselves to the endorsement of its present position, and be careful to avoid any suggestions beyond. The politician who intrigues to get up a party war-cry on the Alabama question, as the international diplomacy now stands, is no well-wisher to President GRANT.

THE GERMANS AND THE FOURTH OF JULY.

EDITORS GAZETTE: Allow me to correct an impression, which undoubtedly was made on the English-speaking Americans, in reading the proceedings of the Germans on Friday last, respecting the celebration of the coming Fourth of July.

The reporters of the English papers said that the Germans will show their strength in breaking down the Sunday law. That is evidently a mistake, as no such intention is nursed in the heart of any loyal German. All that the free-thinking Germans want to show, to those who think that the Sabbath is only for praying to forgive the sins which have accumulated during the week, is, that the day, when, ninety-three years ago, the greatest truth for mankind was proclaimed: "that all men were born free and independent" is to be held holy and in remembrance to child and children's children, and that on that day the brightest star has ascended on the political firmament. In this view the free-thinking Germans will always celebrate the all-coming Fourth of July. A GERMAN.

AN Eastern journal puts a sharp point for the consideration of those rash politicians who propose the Alabama question for Republican capital. It says:

If the Republicans take up the cry of "War with England" as a means of party success, the Democrats will far outcry them in that direction. The Democracy can not only get up a cry of the loudest and fiercest kind, but their leaders can urge on Fenian raids into Canada as a way of opening hostilities, and if this be not enough, they can vote in Congress for peremptory war. In fact, they can outdo the Administration Party on every point in this respect, for they are not responsible, like the Administration Party, for the carrying out of their own programme.

OF THE new project called the Cincinnati, Salem and Youngstown Railroad, a Cincinnati journal says:

This company proposes by the construction of about fifty miles of railroad to secure a very direct line from this place to Erie, Pa. The route will be over the Wilmington & Zanesville road, thence over new road to Dresden—over Pittsburgh and Columbus road to Trenton—thence new road to New Philadelphia—over Tuscarawas branch to Bayard—thence new road through Salem to Youngstown—over Pittsburgh and Erie road to Erie. This will make a very important line for Cincinnati. It will cut several of the grand trunk lines in such a way as to shorten distances to this place materially.

ALLIANCE, O.

The Town and Its Pretensions—Educational Institutions—Mount Union College—Its Origin and Progress.

[Correspondence of the the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALLIANCE, O., June 8, 1869.

EDITORS GAZETTE: Having been spending several days here, attending the sessions of the Ohio State Missionary Society, I have thought that a word for your readers would prove acceptable from this inland metropolis, for such the people regard it. "Great expectations" are entertained, that even the Smoky City may, at no very distant day, be somewhat rivalled by this inland aspirant. Ye denizens of smoke look well to your future, else peradventure you may, when too late, awaken to the fact that your glory, if not departed, is being gradually eclipsed. Whilst the good citizens of Alliance are, we think, entirely too sanguine in their expectations of future greatness as a city, they have whereof to be proud. They deserve well for their expressed judgment of what should constitute the foundation of a city. If they fail to rival the "Smoky City" in numbers, manufactories, &c., &c., they certainly bid fair to equal, if not excel, in the worth of their citizens, if first class educational institutions have anything to do with the character of men. Whilst Alliance may never boast of material wealth, public buildings, works of art, &c., &c., she may challenge comparison in her schools. Her educational facilities are certainly fully equal, if not superior, to older communities. She has a first class Union School, in which every child may receive a collegiate education. Here stands Alliance College, a magnificent structure, the offspring of the public spirit and personal energy of a few men among whom to will was to do, and almost with the celerity of an Aladdin's palace was Alliance College builded, and now stands perfectly equipped for the work of education, enrolling during her first year nearly three hundred pupils. But Alliance proper is not all of Alliance in the educational field. A short distance south lies the quiet and unpretending village of Mt. Union, in which is another school, deserving a wider reputation than it now possesses. Here stands Mt. Union College, fully panoplied for the educational work; having ample grounds, splendid buildings, complete apparatus, philosophical, chemical, &c.; an extensive cabinet of curiosities, selected with great care and taste from nearly all ages and parts of the world; a full and efficient corps of gentlemanly professors in the various departments; the whole presided over by the President and originator of the College, making this one of the most desirable schools for the education of our sons and daughters. The following facts in reference to the origin and progress of this school will doubtless interest many of your readers. In the fall of 1846 a private school was opened by the present President of the College, in an upper room of a woolen factory, and continued for five months. This school was re-opened the following winter in a room known as the "Peoples' Meeting House," and continued with only medium success. The Principal, in the following spring, returned to college, completed his education in 1849, when he returned to Mt. Union and re-opened his school, which finally resulted in the establishment of what was known as the Mt. Union Seminary. With no settled plans for the future, the school was continued from session to session, and in about four years good sets of apparatus for illustrating the sciences had been procured, and initial steps taken for the erection of a school building. In 1851, a commodious building was completed. A normal department was added to the former seminary course of instruction, which proved a success and is still continued. A catalogue was issued in July, 1851, showing an attendance of two hundred and eleven students. The good and learned Dr. John Barker, late President of Allegheny College, with prudent foresight, now urged the adoption of plans for a wider range of usefulness, and as a result, a regular College was contemplated. A charter was applied for and obtained in 1851. The school was now placed under the control of the Pittsburgh Conference of the M. E. Church. In June, 1858, appeared the first annual College catalogue, showing an attendance of 361 pupils, with 11 professors. Its first commencement was held June 16th, 1858, and was largely attended. An address was delivered by Rev. Calvin Kingsley, which awakened a deeper interest in the College and led to resolves for greater usefulness. How these resolves were realized the following facts, gleaned from a pamphlet published in 1866, will show: Whole number of students, 4,905; gentlemen, 3,358, ladies, 1,547—coming from twenty-four States; also from Canada, Ireland and England. Three thousand nine hundred and sixty teachers have been sent out from the College, who have had in their schools an average enrollment of 47 pupils, so that 186,120 pupils have been taught by the students. Over 1,000 of the students, or 39 per cent., served in the late war—not one in the rebel ranks—surely a good record for loyalty, 35 per cent. engaged permanently in teaching, 28 per cent. became ministers, 7 pr. ct. farmers and 5 pr. ct. physicians. Of lady pupils 63 per cent. became teachers. The school has been formally accepted, and highly approved by a Committee of Bishops of the M. E. Church, Bishop Simpson being Chairman, thus making this one of the recognized Colleges of the Church. Such a school, with such a record, deserves a wide-spread popularity and patronage, and the man who under God conceived, planned and perfected such an institution is more than a hero. The worthy President and founder, Rev. O. N. Hartshorn, is still the presiding genius of the Institution, is hale and hearty and fully equipped for the work of life. Parents seeking a school for their sons and daughters will find Mt. Union College all that they can desire. Here pupils will find health and retirement, with moderate expenses, combined with a first-class faculty in the various departments of a college course.

W. S. GRAY.

THERE is a report from Germany of a so-called scientific experiment which was cruel. Dr. Von Trautvetter, of Berlin, curious to know the effect on the human intestines of certain injections, experimented on a young woman who was supposed to be dying of consumption, and actually subjected the helpless creature to an experiment which inflicted terrible torture. She died an hour afterwards, and the surgeon then was able to satisfy himself by a *post-mortem* examination of the effect he had produced; and the case is reported as a matter of scientific interest in the Prussian medical journals.

The Philadelphia *Commercial List* thus treats of the recent monthly report of the Titusville *Herald*, which created such excitement in oil circles several days ago:

The statement of the Titusville *Herald*, which appeared on Monday, announcing the production for May to average only 10,000 bbls daily, which, whilst it was almost universally denounced as either a glaring error or something worse, nevertheless caused a momentary flutter, and June oil rose rapidly to 33½ cents, but as quickly fell back to 31 cents. A very singular feature of the *Herald* report is the ingenious sophistry which they for the first time inaugurate, of setting aside a large part of the production as "unmerchantable," and not giving it a credit in the report of the yield. For instance, they admit that they take no account of 38,000 barrels, which they baptize as "unmerchantable;" add this to the productions, where of course it belongs, and we have a daily yield of 1,225 barrels which these disinterested gentlemen quietly ignore. It is but fair to add that competent judges estimate the daily yield in this State at about 12,500 barrels.

[For the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MESSRS. EDITORS: In looking over the action of the Allegheny Councils on last Thursday night, published in your paper of Friday, we find that the ordinance for grading and paving Ridge Avenue was tabled, although it had been passed at a previous meeting and referred to the Street Committee. As that street is the most important in the city to be graded and paved, we wish to inquire why this action has been taken? We who own property and reside on that street, have earnestly asked Councils to have it paved. We want to know what outside influence has been brought to bear against the object of our petition. We know no Councilman could vote against it, except from selfish motives, outside influence, or both, and we are satisfied such influence has been used. It is the duty of Councils to pass the ordinance for paving this street. Let those who are opposed get up a remonstrance and give their reasons why it should not be done. It is not fair that for the selfish interests of a few who do not use the street, we who do, should be compelled to wade through mud for another year on a street leading directly into the heart of the city. Shall outside influence, or shall Right and Justice prevail?

PROPERTY OWNER.

In a New Place.

The well known and old established china, glass and queensware dealers, Messrs. H. Higby & Co., have removed from No. 22 Wood street, to the commodious and well appointed warehouse, No. 180 Liberty street, a few doors above old St. Clair street. They announce that they are now receiving a wide and varied assortment of new goods of their own importation, embracing all the lines peculiar to the trade. With their increased facilities for the transaction of the large trade awarded them, the firm confidently rely on being more than ever ready to meet the requirements of their patrons. We bespeak for them in their new establishment, a vast increase of custom, and trust that our readers will not fail to call and examine their stock if desiring to purchase in the way of china, glass and queensware. They will find Messrs. Higby & Co. clever, honorable and fair dealing business gentlemen, with whom it is a pleasure to have transactions.

Colored Church Dedication.

Mr. O. L. C. Hughes, the able and talented editor of the *Progress of Liberty*, Harrisburg, was present at the recent dedication of the Mission Church of the A. M. E. Zion Connection, at Mansfield, Pa., and writes a glowing description of the religious affair for his well conducted journal. The ceremonies were performed by Elder Holliday, late of Chicago, formerly pastor of Mission Church at Allegheny city, Pa., assisted by Elder Cole, present pastor of Mission Church Allegheny city, and were of a very interesing character. The music for the occasion was furnished by Mr. Pulpress, of Allegheny city, assisted by his younger daughter, Miss Elizabeth, who did much honor to her profession. The sum of eight hundred dollars was raised from those present, which was within a trifle of discharging its entire debt. The church cost sixteen hundred dollars and is quite a handsome edifice.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—A large audience assembled at the Academy of Music last evening, to hear the talented tragedienne, Miss Jean Hosmer, in "Elizabeth." The company by which she is supported is a most excellent one, and Miss Hosmer's rendition of Elizabeth is most excellent. This evening "Camille" will be presented, with Miss Hosmer in the title role.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—This evening Mr. Harry Williams, the Manager, and George W. Miller, Treasurer of the "Old Drury," will take a joint benefit, on which occasion a bill replete with fun and amusement will be presented.

OPERA HOUSE.—The friends of Mr. Conklin, who occupied the box office at the Opera House during the past season, should bear in mind the fact that a benefit has been tendered him on Wednesday evening.

Serious Cutting Affray.

Yesterday evening, about eight o'clock, an affray of a rather serious nature occurred on Washington street, near Webster avenue, in which all the participants, two men and a woman, were more or less injured. According to the statement of William McCune, one of the parties engaged in the row, Mike McGovern was in the act of beating his wife, whereupon McCune interfered to save the woman. As is customary in such cases husband and wife united in an attack upon McCune and he resisted. Knives were used, and the result was that McGovern received a severe cut in the right arm by which one of the main arteries was severed. Mrs. McGovern was cut in the hand and McCune also received a severe cut in the left hand. McCune was arrested and locked up for a hearing. Informations will be made against all the parties, we learn.

Afloat and Ashore.

Yesterday morning, a gentleman, desiring to wash his buggy, drove into the Allegheny river near the Suspension bridge, Pittsburgh side. The horse went out too far and began to sink beneath water. In his floundering the buggy was overturned and the gentleman thrown into the stream. He managed to climb upon the top of the vehicle and maintain his position until a skiff was procured, when he was released. The horse and buggy were afterwards brought out without any further damage than a broken shaft to the vehicle.

Result of a Fight.

John O'Brien and Patrick Barrett, puddlers, engaged in a fight Sunday morning, when John was knocked down and relieved of about half his upper lip, which was effected by the teeth of his opponent. The parties had partaken freely of pugilistic whiskey previous to the encounter, which accounts, in a measure, for the spirited nature of the affair. Alderman Lynch issued a warrant for the arrest of Barrett on a charge of mayheim.

COAL IN THE PACIFIC STATES.—The Alta California, in a recent issue, from information given by a visitor to the region, states that the coal deposits of Wyoming Territory extend for nearly 300 miles along the Union Pacific Railroad, from Carbon to Evanstown stations. Six mines are now open, and the locomotives are using the coal, which contains, by analysis, 60 per cent. of carbon, 12 of water in combination, and 28 of inflammable gases. It is known by the name of Anthralignite. The principal mines are at Carbon, 650 miles west of Omaha, and extensive shafts and drifts have been run since August, 1868. From 250 to 300 miners are at work, earning from $7 to $12 a day in currency. Last winter, coal sold at Omaha for $27.50 a ton, but the new mines, it is asserted, will reduce the price to one-half or even one-third of that rate, and will supply way stations where coal heretofore could not be obtained. At Black Buttes and Point of Rocks stations, also, there are extensive mines. At Point of Rocks, there is a hill-side drift, with three shutes, of a capacity to load one hundred cars, or ten tons each.

MEYER'S apparatus for telegraphing in *fac similie* is employed in the French telegraphic service, the direction of which is confided to the Viscount de Vougy. The message itself does the duty of the interpreter, and controls the electrical power so as to make it perfectly faithful. The Meyer system is not a copy of the message sent, but the *fac simile* of writing; so that telegraphic despatches present, as regards exactitude and authenticity, all the guaranties now found in postal communications. The Abbe Caselli, an Italian, has already solved this problem; but experience has not been favorable to his plan. The *fac simile* of the messages, reproduced by chemical processes, presented serious imperfections, which often rendered the deciphering of the message difficult, giving rise to doubts as to the authenticity of the writing. M. Meyer has avoided these difficulties by only making use of methanical means. M. Meyer's apparatus is at work on the railway from Paris to Lyons, and the lines from Paris to Marseilles and from Paris to Bordeaux will soon be provided with it.

MISS BRADDON, I regret to say, is still very ill, and unfit, both bodily and mentally, not only for literary work, but also for any save medical society. This state of things was partly brought on by overwork. Those who had her in their toils kept her perpetually at the pen. With an avariciousness which it is surprising she did not resist, they worried and persecuted her into constant novel writing, uhtil she could stand it no longer. If all the truth were known about the circumstances under which her late works were written, the severest critics would pity her and think more highly of her talent. —London Letter.

THE Bank of England stands in three parishes and covers nearly four acres. The quantity of gold in its vaults on the 1st day of January, 1869, uncoined, is returned at £8,760,397 7s. 5d. There was no silver in its vaults on the 1st day of January, 1869, uncoined. The bank and its premises are assessed to the poor-rate in the sum of £37,540.

DEATH FROM A RUPTURE.

To give a timely warning to those who are suffering from any of those protrusions denominated hernia or rupture, should be regarded as an act, not only of kindness, but even of duty. Especially is this the case when so many of our fellow-citizens are suffering from an ailment so little understood, and so often fatal to human life. We do not know of a more serious condition than that which is denominated rupture, no matter in what part of the body it exhibits itself. Rupture is a lesion of almost always a serious character, and whether in men, women or children, can be securely retained to its proper place by the adjustment of a properly fitted truss. DR. KEYSER, AT HIS GREAT MEDICINE STORE, NO. 167 LIBERTY STREET, has always in store every variety and form of the best trusses and appliances for the retention, alleviation and cure of this now common ailment. What man or woman will linger through life, with the danger constantly staring them in the face, and the fear of strangulated and incarcerated hernia, when the means of relief are so easily accessible and the prospect of relief so certain and infallible? The prospects of a cure in most cases of rupture are much more certain than formerly, and the appliances for that purpose of a much superior kind than those formerly used. In the rupture of children, nearly every case is sure to get well, and when they fail to do so it is because of ill-fitted or inadequate trusses. It behooves every one, therefore, who has any ailment of this kind to seek the best means afforded and thus secure immunity from so formidable a disease.

For sale all kinds of mechanical appliances for broken veins, hydrocole, prolapsus uteri and piles. Also, shoulder braces, urinal syringes, bed pans and all kinds of the best medicines in use, at Dr. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE, 167 LIBERTY STREET, or at the Doctor's consulting rooms, No. 120 Penn street, from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M. Dr. Keyser will be at his Liberty street office for free consultation every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, from 4 until 6 P. M.

HOME QUESTIONS FOR THE SICKLY AND DEBILITATED.

Is it worth while to endure penal torture after every meal, when indigestion can be immediately relieved and permanently cured by so agreeable a remedy as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS?

Does it pay to be compelled by debility and languor to abandon active business, when brain, nerve and muscle can be braced up, and the whole system restored to a healthy condition by a course of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Why approach the dinner table daily with a positive disgust for all that is savory and delicious, when a vigorous appetite for even the plainest fare is created by the use of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Is it wise to live in this bright world as if it were a dungeon, gloomy, discontented and miserable, when the worst case of hypochondria can be cured in a week by such a pleasant and wholesome exhilarant as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Can it be possible that any person of bilious habit will run the risk of remittent fever or bilious cholic, when he can tone and regulate the great secretive organ with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Is it not a species of moral insanity for any merchant, farmer, mechanic or traveler to be without the best known antidote to the effects of poisoned air and impure water, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Considering the harrassing and depressing nature of the functional derangements to which woman is subject, is it not astonishing that any invalid of the feebler sex should hesitate to seek the certain relief afforded in such cases, by the genial operation of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

These are questions of deeper interest than any of the political dogmas of the day, and those whom they concern are invited to give them something more than a passing thought.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, June 15, 1869.

NOTICE.—Sealed Proposals for numbering houses on Butler street, from 33d to 50th street, will be received at th's office until MONDAY, June 21st, 1869. For specifications and method of numbering, call at this office.

H. J. MOORE,
City Engineer.

je15:k47

BURNETT'S COOKING EXTRACTS.

The best and purest; a fresh supply just received. Vanilla, Lemon, Rose, Orange, Peach, Almond, &c., in two, five and ten ounce bottles for flavoring. Ice Cream Jellies, Blanc Mange, &c., for sale by the dozen or at retail by

JNO. A. RENSHAW,
Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

je14

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. je15:k46

KISHACOQUILLAS SEMINARY, FOR BOTH SEXES.—This institution is situated in the beautiful valley of Kishacoquillas, in the midst of an intelligent and highly moral people. Surrounded by mountain chains, and supplied with an abundance of pure water and of the purest mountain air, the location is unrivaled for health and for the elevating and refining influences of natural scenery. Corps of instructors in every department experienced and competent. Rev. S. H. McDonald, formerly tutor in Princeton College, N. J., of large and successful experience in teaching, has charge of Ancient Languages and higher Mathematics. Miss M. A. Granger, of Massachusetts, educated at Vassar College, N. Y., will teach English Literature, Painting, Drawing, French and German. Prof. J. W. Shoemaker, of Philadelphia, is engaged to give lessons in Elocution during the Fall term. Miss E. R. Bigham, from Washington county, Pa., has charge of instrumental music. Scholastic year opens 4th of August. Expense—Tuition and board per year, $200 00. For catalogue address M. RAINMILLER, A.M., Principal, Kishocoquillas Millin Co., Pa. Refer to Rev. G. V. McClean, Lewistown, Pa., and Hon. S. S. Woods, Lewistown, Pa.

je15:k 0 T&T

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, June 15, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS for grading, paving and curbing 48th street, from Butler street to the Allegheny river:

Beach alley, from Pride to Miltenberger street,
Spring alley, from 21st to 25th street.
Spruce alley, from 24th to 25th street.
Liberty street, from Haslett street to the Pike.
Sixteenth street, from Pike street to Bridge.
St. Patricks alley, from Marion to Miltenberger.
Liberty street, from 31st to 33d street.
Penn street, from 31st to 33d street.

Also, for laying a clay pipe sewer (2) two feet diameter, on Diamond alley, from Smithfield street to Cherry alley, will be received at this office until TUESDAY, June 22d, 1869.

Blanks for bidding and specifications can be had at this office.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids, and no bill considered unless made out on blanks from this office.

H. J. MOORE,
CITY ENGINEER.

je15:k42

REMOVAL.

H. HIGBY & CO. have removed their stock of China, Glass and Queensware from No. 22 Wood street to the spacious warehouse,

189 LIBERTY STREET,

A few doors above SIXTH, (late St. Clair St.,) which has been refitted with all the modern improvements expressly for their business. They are now receiving and opening an extensive assortment of New Goods of the brown importation, embracing all varieties in their line of trade. Having a central location, with more commodious accommodations and increased facilities for doing business they hope to receive in their new quarters a continuance of the favors of the public heretofore so liberally bestowed upon them.

PITTSBURGH, June 14, 1869.

je14:k36

OLIVER

M'CLINTOCK

& COMPANY

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A

FINE SELECTION OF

BRUSSELS,

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,

THREE PLY

AND

INGRAIN

CARPETS.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

WHITE, CHECK & FANCY

MATTINGS,

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

IN THE CITY.

STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

AT

OLIVER

M'CLINTOCK

& COMPANY'S,

23 FIFTH AVENUE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AMERICAN BANK.

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall,	John M. Murtland,
Wm. T. Shannon,	Archibald Wallace,
James W. Arrott,	Jas. D. Kelly,
Chas. R. Leech,	Wm. Floyd.
John Floyd,	

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.

je16:k43

28TH SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK.

LIABILITIES.

Amount due Depositors June 1st, 1869	$2,262,778 32
Dividend for the last six months	59,623 90
Contingent Fund	191 0 9 11
Total Liabilities	$2 503 431 33

ASSETS.

Loans on Bond and Mortgage	$1,321,173 45
Real Estate	26,907 59
Stock in Pittsb'gh B'ks	71,634 04
U.S. 5-20 Bonds 1865 and 1867	400 000 00
U.S. 6 per cent. Bonds 1881	50,043 75
Bills Receivable	14,205 00
Cash on hand and in Banks	118,866 50
Total Assets	$2,503,431 33

The undersigned, Auditing Committee, respectfully report that they have examined the Treasurer's Report for the last six months, ending May 31, 1869, and have examined the Assets of the Bank, consisting of Bonds and Mortgages, Deeds of Real Estate, Certificates of Bank Stocks, Bills Receivable, United States 5-20 six per cent. Bonds, '65 and '67, United States six per cent. Bonds, 1881, and cash in Bank and on hand, and find the same to correspond with the above report.

WM J. ANDERSON,
JAMES D. KELLY,
P. A. MADEIRA, } Aud. Com.

PITTSBURGH, June 9, 1869.

The Trustees have declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT out of the profits for the last six months, free of Government Tax, payable forthwith. If not drawn will bear interest from the 1st inst.

CAAS. A. COLTON, Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, June 12, 1869.

je14:k41 d&T

GREAT BARGAINS IN

STANDARD BOOKS.

Appletons' Cyclopedia. 23 vols., bound in full leather. A fresh set just received. The regular price is $6.00 per vol. We offer this copy unusually low.

Chambers' Edinburg Encyclopedia. 10 vols. royal 8vo, bound in full cloth, usual price of which is $5.00 per vol. Offered at a large discount.

Library Edition of Standard Works. Well adapted for prizes in upper classes and high schools. In large Demy 8vo, with Steel Portraits and Vignette, handsomely bound in cloth extra, new style.

I. The Complete Works of William Shakespeare. With a biographical sketch by Mary Cowden Clarke, and a Copious Glossary $2,50

II. The Complete Poetical and Prose Works of Robert Burns. With life and variorum notes 2,50

III. The Miscellaneous Works of Oliver Goldsmith 2,50

IV. The Poetical Works of Lord Byron. Illustrated by eminent artists 2,50

V. Josephus. The whole works of Flavius Josephus, the Jewish historian. Translated by Whiston 2,50

VI. The Arabian Nights' Entertainments. Translated from the Arabic. An entirely new edition. Illustrated with upwards of 100 original engravings on wood 2,50

VII. Dean Swift's Works. Complete 1 vol. royal 8vo. This is the first Cheap Edition of the Dean's Works ever published. 2,50

S. A. CLARKE & CO.,

119 WOOD STREET.

2d DOOR BELOW FIFTH.

je12:STTH

REDUCED.

A REAM

OF NOTE PAPER FOR $1.

INITIAL

NOTE PAPER PER BOX, 40c.

AT

JOSEPH HORNER'S,

Bookseller and Stationer,

129 Smithfield Street.

je1TTHS

WOOD TURNING,

SCROLL SAWING,

AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Allegheny City, by

P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Hubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand.

my11:j7 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

STRAW HATS,

ALL THE NEW STYLES.

AT THE LOWEST PRICES, AT

McCORD & CO's,

131 WOOD STREET.

my15

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

CAPE MAY CITY, N. J.,

Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address,

Smy21:j94 AARON MILLER, Proprietor.

CUNARD STEAMERS

EXCELL ALL OTHERS

For Speed and Safety.

PH. R. MERTZ, Agent.

je12

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF

GRASS HOOKS

Just received for sale at lowest market price.

W. W. KNOX,
137 Liberty street,
my24:j74-MWF Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. B. YOUNGSON & CO.,

FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON,

83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.

☞ Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

PERCIVAL BECKETT, MECHANICAL ENGINEER and Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, No. 79 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa.

B.—Branch office, Washington, D. C. ap6

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT

LOWEST PRICES!

Ladies' Hats,

Children's Hats,

Sundowns,

Parasols.

Ribbons,

Flowers,

Trimmings,

Crapes, &c.

Ladies' Stockings,

Children's Stockings,

Ladies' Gloves,

Children's Gloves, &c

At One Dollar,

FULL SIZE LADIES' WHITE TUCKED

MUSLIN SKIRTS.

STOCK FULL AND COMPLETE

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, June 8, 1869.

ALLEGHENY TAXES.

Notice is hereby given that the Assessors have now placed in the Treasurer's office the Duplicates of City, Poor, City Business, School, School Building and Public Park Taxes, and of Water Rents for the year 1869, and that said taxes will now be received in pursuance of the Acts of Assembly of February 27th, 1860, and of April 14th, 1863, subject to the following regulations and allowances:

Five per cent. if paid on or before the first day of July. Four per cent. if paid on or before the first day of August. Two per cent. if paid on or before the first day of September. If paid after the first day of September, and on or before the first day of October, no deduction will be made. If paid after the first day of October, and on or before the first day of November, an addition of five per cent. shall be added to and payable on the same.

After the first of November warrants will be issued to enforce the collection of all taxes remaining unpaid, together with the percentage accrued thereon, and the costs.

D. MACFERRON
City Treasurer.

je8:k37

TAGGART

& SIMEN,

RETAIL

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS

AT

Wholesale Prices.

NO. 129 FEDERAL STREET,

Allegheny City.

ap14

PROCLAMATION.—The qualified voters of the Second ward, City of Allegheny, will meet at the usual time and place of holding elections on TUESDAY, JUNE 22d, 1869, to elect one per on to serve as a member of Common Council, to fill the unexpired term of John Kirkpatriek, Esq., resigned.

SIMON DRUM, Mayor.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, June 11, 1869.

je12:k33

"LISTEN TO THE MOCKING BIRD."—Just arrived from New Orleans a large lot of old and young MOCKING BIRDS, very fine singers. Red Birds and Nonpareil Birds, for sale for a few days only at the Tremont House, No. 17 Diamond.

FLOUR.

CHOICE WINTER WHEAT FAMILY, $7,25.
CHOICE MINNESOTA BRANDS, $6,25.
CHOICE WISCONSIN BRANDS, $6,25.

In lots of five barrels or more.

WATT, LANG & CO.,
173 and 174 Wood street.

FLOUR.

The celebrated WHITE ROSE is conceded by all who have tried it to be the best and cheapest flour in the city. Give it a trial. Sold by

By MEANOR & HARPER,

AT THE WHITE FRONT,
329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, P

my14

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

GREEN OIL CLOTH
FOR WINDOW SHADES.
TRANSPARENT
WINDOW SHADES,
TABLE AND FURNITURE
OIL CLOTHS
IN EVERY VARIETY.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
26 and 28 Sixth Street

BANK AND INSURANCE STOCKS

AT AUCTION.

TUESDAY EVENING, June 15th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,

25 shares Manchester Savings Bank,
40 shares Monongahela Insurance Co.
25 shares Western Insurance Co.

je14 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PLAIN, BUFF, PINK AND BLUE

PERCALES & LAWNS.

NEAT FIGURED

LAWNS

STRIPED

Lawns.

AT 22 CENTS PER YARD,

WHITE MARSEILLES.

New and Desirable

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS.

AT 50 CENTS,

All Wool Cassimeres.

GOOD QUALITY.

Many Good Bargains in all Kinds of

DRY GOODS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE, TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

OFFICE COLLECTOR INTERNAL REVENUE, 23d Collection District of Pennsylvania, No. 67 Water St., Allegheny City, May 18, '69.

Notice is hereby given that the annual lists of SPECIAL TAXES, formerly termed LICENSES, and of the taxes on

Incomes, Carriages, Watches, Silver Plate,

&c., are now in this office, where payment will be received thereon by the Collector on and after the 1st DAY OF JUNE, 1869.

These taxes, having become due, must be paid before the 25th DAY OF JUNE, 1869; otherwise, additional expenses will be incurred by the tax-payer.

E. BUFFINGTON, Esq., Deputy Collector of the county of Armstrong, and EDWIN LYON, Esq., Deputy Collector for the county of Butler, will be ready to receive, after the 1st of June, for their respective counties, and will post notices designating the times and places, when and where they will be prepared to receive the taxes collectable by them.

Taxes payable only in greenbacks or national currency.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

JOHN M. SULLIVAN,
COLLECTOR.

my18:j51

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de30

IMPORTANT TO MANUFACTURERS AND MERCHANTS.

It is a fact that

L. E. SUTTON & CO.

Cut Stencils at 3 Cents per Letter.

STEEL STAMPS

AT 20 CENTS PER LETTER.

At the Pittsburgh Stencil Works, No. 58 Market street, don't forget the number. je6:a41

$25,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

Books settled and accounts promptly collected. Houses and Lots in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. Cheap Houses and Lots in East Liberty and Braddocks. Lots in Mansfield. A very desirable farm of 70 acres; splendid young orchard, good house, with store-room attached; spring of never failing water; near Economy, on the line of P. Ft. W. & C. R. W.; for sale very cheap.

Iowa, Missouri and Virginia land for sale. Enquire of

THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

89 GRANT STREET
my9 Office back room.

NOTICE OF LOST CERTIFICATE.—Notice is hereby given that certificate No. 35, for 20 shares stock in the "Merchants and Manufacturers National Bank," at Pittsburgh, in the name of HANNAH THOMSON, has been lost or destroyed by fire, and that application has been made by the said Hannah Thomson for new certificate in the place of that lost or destroyed as aforesaid.

June 3, 1869. HANNAH THOMSON.

je3:k1-THS

FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS popular Fish Stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Seak, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salamon, Bass, Stergeon, Herring and Macinaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insure them a treat. mh25

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers of

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c,

office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET.

☞ All orders promptly attended to

REVOLVING HORSE HAY RAKES.

A large lot just received and for sale at lowest market price.

W. W. KNOX,

my29:j36-STTH

☞ NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.

LOST.

LOST—BREAST PIN.—On Monday AFTERNOON, an ODD FELLOW BREASTPIN, containing thirty-eight small stones. A liberal reward will be paid by leaving it at the Mayor's office, or at 61 Penn street.

CHECK LOST.—All persons are cautioned against negotiating check drawn by E. P. Young, Cashier on Peoples Savings Bank of Allegheny in favor of C. Coleman or bearer, $816 08, dated June 14th, 1869, payment having been stopped. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at the Peoples Savings Bank of Allegheny. jn15:j33

LOST COW.—Strayed Away on WEDNESDAY, the 9th of June, at 4 o'clock, a COW, with a light red and white color and a perfectly white face and small turned in horns; a springer near her calving. Any information of her will be gladly received and liberally rewarded by OWEN PAYTON,

je11:k59 Woods Run.

STRAYED—Gray Mare.—Came to the premises of the subscriber, in Scott township, a GRAY MARE about 12 years old. Notice is hereby given that if the owner does not call before the 24th inst. she will be sold according to law. THOS. ALDERSON,

je11:k48 Scott township, Allegheny co., Pa.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED.—A colored waiter. One who has a good reputation can hear of a permanent situation by calling at Burns' Eating Saloon, corner sixth avenue and Smithfield street.

All persons having tickets will please return within ten days.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED.—Agents to take orders in the city and county for Dondnas' Patent Stone-Lid Holder. County rights for sale. Enquire for J. S. WILSON, at Morrison & De voi's, 75 Water street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED.—AGENTS.—$75 to $200 per month everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider, in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass.

CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

WANTED—AGENTS.—To sell the American Knitting Machine. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 40,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

WANTS.

WANTED.

Some First Class Mould Makers

For a Flint Glass House. Address,

A. McK. COCHRAN,
Treasurer St. Lawrence Glass Co.,
je11:k49 Montreal, Canada.

WANTED.—BOARDERS.—A gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen can be accommodated with a pleasant furnished room, with good board, on the line of the Passenger cars, No. 44 Rebecca street, Allegheny City. Reference required.

WANTED.—BOARDERS.— Pleasant furnished rooms, good board, terms reasonable, at 48 Liberty street.

WANTED.—Bass and Alto Singer, for city church choir. Must be good readers. Address M. M. C., Box 1,313, Pittsburgh P. O.

WANTED—TO PLASTERERS.—Plastering to be done, for which carpenter work will be given in return. All to be done in the best manner. Direct S. W., Box 8, GAZETTE OFFICE.

BOARDING.—Rooms opposite the Park, North Common. Bath rooms, &c., and the comforts of a home. 181 North avenue, Allegheny.

WANTED.—A few respectable boarders at 18 Ninth street, (late Hand street.)

WANTED.—BOARDERS.—A few more boarders can find pleasant rooms and good boarding at No. 16 Ann street, Allegheny, for $4.50 per week.

WANTED.—To loan $900 on bond or mortgage for one or two years Address J. D. F., care Gazette office.

WANTED.—House of 5 or 6 rooms, within the limits of the old wards. Address H. B., GAZETTE OFFICE, stating location and terms.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—Room on 3d floor Dispatch Building. Rent very low for balance of year. Gas, water and stationary stand. Enquire at Potograph Gallery, Dispatch Building.

TO-LET.—Large Hall in a good location. S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 39 Sixth avenue.

TO-LET.—A ROOM.—A COMFORTABLY furnished ROOM for one or more gentlemen. Apply at No. 33 Ninth, (late Hand,) street.

TO-LET.—A fine, large new Store Room, in the village of Wilkinsburg, with dwelling, if desired. Rent low. Also, beautiful large office, front room, second floor, on 6th, formerly St. Clair, near the bridge. Enquire of JOHN W. BEATTY, Engraver, 93 Market St.

TO-LET.—House on Centre Avenue.—Gas, Water, &c., very convenient. Out of season. Rent $25,00 per month. Call soon at 131 Centre avenue, Pittsburgh.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

ENTIRE NEW STOCK

OF

DRESS GOODS

AT

J. W. BARKER & CO'S.,

59 Market and 20 St. Clair Streets.

ALL OF THE LATEST NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED.

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. LESS THAN FORMER PRICES.

EVERY DEPARTMENT REPLENISHED WITH NEW GOODS.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59 Market and 20 St. Clair Street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—About 170 acres of land in the best situation for country seats; only 2 miles from the West Pittsburgh Ferry Landing. Will be sold altogether or in pieces to suit purchasers. Enquire of P. C. NOGLEY, office at the south end of the Monongahela bridge. je14

FOR SALE.—COUNTRY RESIDENCE.—A DOUBLE BRICK HOUSE, of seven rooms, with frame addition of two rooms, good spring, &c; about an acre and a half of ground; situated a short drive from Bennett's Station, on the W. Penna. R. R. Immediate possession given. For terms, &c., address or inquire of WM. A. SHINN,

Attorney at Law, cor. Grant and Diamond St.

FOR SALE.—A New Brick Residence, built by days work, having eight rooms, gas, hot and cold water throughout, marble mantles and wash stands, a bath room and piazza. Lot 120x140 feet, delightfully located in the beautiful town of Alliance, Ohio, having 6,000 inhabitants and noted for its colleges, rapid growth, enterprise and manufactories. 94 miles from Pittsburgh and 56 from Cleveland Junction, Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, and the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railways. Address Lock Box 89, Alliance, O. je12:k28

FOR SALE.—DRUG STORE.— One of the best Drug and Prescription Stores in Pittsburgh is offered for sale at cost if applied for soon. Good reasons for selling. Addr ss J. P. PEARSON & CO., 87 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.—The one-half interest in the Drug Store of BLACKISTON & McGREGOR, in Bellaire, Ohio. They are doing a thriving business, and the location is one of the best in Eastern Ohio. Reason for selling, ill health of family. Terms reasonable. Apply soon.

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

A so, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,

fe26 140 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

FOR SALE.

FARM in Sewickly township, Allegheny county, situate about 3½ miles from S wickly and 3 miles from Leetsdale station, on P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., containing 100 acres, 75 cleared and under good cultivation; balance in timber. On which there is erected a comfortable frame House, good Log Barn and all other necessary outbuildings. Large orchard of choice fruit. Everything in good order. Price $110 per acre.

Also, TEN ACRES, about ½ mile from Fleming Station, P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., 7 miles from city by Beaver road. South-east exposure; good spring on place; also a small stream of water running through it; will be sold in one piece, or in lots to suit purchasers. Price $3,000.

Also, other Houses and Lots in good localities. For further particulars inquire of M. WHITMORE,

Corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny.

je5

FOR SALE—TYPE.—About 400 pounds MINION TYPE, nearly as good as new. Enquire at THIS OFFICE.

FOR SALE.

12 acres of COAL LAND, 3 miles from Temperanceville, on the Little Saw Mill Run.

137 acres near Louisville, Indiana county, Pa., on Livermore Station, W. P. R. R., well improved and cheap.

HOUSE AND LOT on Market street, Manchester.

HOUSE AND LOT on Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

HOUSE AND LOT on Fourth avenue.

4 HOUSES AND LOTS in Elizabethtown.

Choice and cheap farms in Tennessee and Missouri. TUSTIN & KLEE,

my29 87 Grant street.

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each.

ENQUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

195 Liberty Street.

mh15

VALUABLE CITY LOTS FOR SALE.

The undersigned, as trustee in the partition of the real estate of

AGNES KNOX, Deceased,

By order of the District Court of Allegheny county, will sell at public sale, on the premises, on

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1869,

At 2 o'clock P. M., that very valuable property on Fifth avenue, city of Pittsburgh, consisting of TWO LOTS. First—A lot fronting on Market street 30 feet and extending, the same width, along the south side of Fifth avenue 101 feet to Market alley. Second—A lot on the opposite side of Market alley, fronting on Fifth avenue 30 feet and running back, preserving the same width, along Market alley 30 feet. On the first mentioned lot are FOUR FRAME TENEMENTS, and on the other a THREE STORY BRICK BUILDING.

These lots are among the most valuable in the city of Pittsburgh, being on the principal street and in the centre of business. The attention of capitalists is particularly invited to them, as they are desirable chiefly for the value of the lots, the buildings not being of much consequence, and possession for building purposes can be obtained on 3 months' notice. The property now rents for over eight thousand dollars. The purchaser will receive the rents after July 1st.

THE TERMS OF SALE.

One-third cash, and the remaining two-thirds in two equal annual payments, with semi-annual interest from day of sale, secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

J. W. F. WHITE,
TRUSTEE.

June 5, 1869.
je7:k29

TO LOAN.

$10,000

ON FIRST CLASS MORTGAGE, CITY PROPERTY. Apply at

MORGAN & ROBERTS',

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

114 FOURTH AVENUE.

je7:k31

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA,

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGE CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON.
T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROWBARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL
COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and XLES,
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

OFFICES AND WORKS.

Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh.
mh9

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILW SPRINGS,
ELLI.. C AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:
WM. METCALF, | REUBEN MILLER,
GEO. W. BARR, | CHAS. PARKIN.
SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, THIRTIETH, THIRTY-FIRST and RAILROAD STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.
The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.
Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

JAMES P. SPEER

Attorney for the Trustees,

ROOMS 1 and 2, English's Building, 96½ Fourth avenue.
Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d67

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House,
PITTSBURGH
ap24:d6

BRASS FOUNDERS.

JOHN M. COOPER.....HENRY BIER.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

Bell and Brass Founders.

BRASS CASTINGS

MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.

Malleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

GAS PIPE AND TUBING,

THROTTLE, SAFETY AND CHECK VALVES,

ALL GLOBE PATTERN.

IRON COCKS,

Brass Work of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.

MANUFACTURERS OF J. M. COOPER'S

Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

Agents for Dreyfus' Patent Oilers, the best in the Market.

Office and Works, corner Thirteenth and Pike Streets. ap2

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND ELOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS,

SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors

to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.

The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 73 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

KNAP FORT PITT FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

DUQUESNE FORGE.

WILLIAM MILLER,

(Successor to JOS. P. HAIGH & CO.,)

Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAMS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

Corner of Duquesne Way and First Street.

ap14:b40

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office, No. 13, corner First and Smithfield Streets.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r62

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. my14:q5

CENTRAL FOUNDRY AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

OILS.

WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

Room 17, Chamber of Commerce,

133 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

ap10

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.
Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.
Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,
Will cut Screws.
Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,
Adapted for high speed.
Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil. Head-Light Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Parraffine.
ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.
These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vaccuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL'S BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.

Philadelphia Office—127 WALNUT ST.
ap1:w20

DIAMOND OIL WORKS,

H. M. LONG & CO.,

Office, DALZELL BUILDING,

Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

fe13

NOVELTY WORKS.

PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS.

Founded A. D. 1833.

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

(KEYSTONE STANDARD,) FAIRBANK'S PATENT) PLATFORM AND COUNTER

SCALES.

Jams Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.

CORNER OF FIRST AVENUE & GRANT STS.
Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT.)

Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.
Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.
CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.
RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

FORT PITT BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:j89

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 20, 22, 24 AND 26 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.
Repairing done on shortest notice. ja5:c21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

ROLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks.

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.
No. 30 WOOD STREET.
Our Agents for Orientals—DEMMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUBLEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

LUMBER.

TO BUILDERS!

500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1¼ inch Clear Plank;
25,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and ¼ inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ½, 1, 1¼, ¼ and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Sagina Shingles.
200,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
50,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON. Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester. ap:6

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 8 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets,

Orders promptly attended to. ap15

FINANCIAL.

FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY,

No. 169 Wood Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:

D. Hostetter,	Jno. C. Risher,
James Gordon,	Robt. H. King,
D. Wallace,	Andrew Miller,
E. Fawcett,	James M. Bailey.

SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Pres't.
D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my1:1852

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:a1

JAY COOKE & CO.,

Bankers,

114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

CITY BANK.

112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL, $100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
JAMES McCABE, Vice President.
JOHN B. GORMLEY, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

D. Ihmsen,	James McCabe,
Thomas Rourke,	John Savage,
J. Dunlevy, Jr.,	Terence Campbell,
Patrick Kane,	James Phelan,
Chas. B. Barr,	H. A. Freyvogle,
Jno. Jos. Hermann,	Thomas Barnes,
Hugh Keating	

je1:k5

PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK

Of Allegheny.

CORNER FEDERAL AND LACOCK STREETS.

CAPITAL - - - - - - - $100,000

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Bank of Discount and Deposit.
PRESIDENT—S. H. HARTMAN.
CASHIER—E. P. YOUNG.

DIRECTORS.

S. H. Hartman,	W. H. Burt,
J. P. Henderson,	J. C. Patterson,
J. Kohen,	B. F. Brown,
Samuel Dyer,	B. B. Megraw,
W. G. Gibson.	

my21:j72

WILLIAM MILLER & CO,.

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.
j 2-d43

DREKA

Importer and retail dealer in

FINE STATIONERY,

WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY AND BUSINESS CARD ENGRAVING,

MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING &c.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

1,033 Chestnut St., Phila.

my6:l77-THS&T

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.

my6

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

☞ Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

GOVERNMENT BONDS!

We will register all kinds of Government Bonds free of charge. This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss, or destruction.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Bonds,

COR. FOURTH & WOOD STS.

my13:j15

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
MONDAY, June 14, 1869.

Gold opened very strong at 139⅜, fluctuated during the day between 139⅛ and 139½ and closed in consequence of a tight money market at 137⅞, with a strong feeling. There is a strong party now working the market up, if possible, higher than it was two weeks ago. These parties are representatives of foreign banking houses, among them one London German firm.

The decline in Government bonds during the latter part of the past week has attracted strong purchases, in consequence of which the market reacted to-day and closed strong with an advance of one-quarter per cent.

Stocks are dull and lower under the pressure for money.

Quotations as received by Ph. R Mertz: Gold, 138⅞; Silver, 131: Eighty-one's, 121¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 122¾; do 1864, 117⅝; do 1865, 119; do 1865, Consols, 119⅞; do 1867, ——; do 1868, 119¾; Ten Forties, 108½; New York Central, 90¼; Erie, —; Reading, 97¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 56¼; Ohio & Mississippi, 33¼; Michigan Southern, 103¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 96½; Chicago & Rock Island, 18⅜; Chicago & North Western, 83⅜; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 04⅛; Adams Express Company, 59¼; Merchants Union Express, 15; Pacific Mail, 93; Western Union Telegraph Company, 40¼; Am. W. Express, 40.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 139⅜: United States Sixes, 1881, 121¾: Five-Twenties, 1862, 122¾; do. 1864, 117⅝; do. 1865, 119; Ten-Forties, 108½; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 119¾; do. do. 1867, ——; do. do, 1868, 119¾; Seven-Thirties, par less, ¼; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 94; Central do. do., par; Cy. Pacifics, 107; Superior 96.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 14, 1869.

Money market somewhat unsettled during the day, being alternately active and easy. There is, however, an increasing disposition among bank officials to contract and prepare for a call from the Comptroller of the Currency, which may come at any moment. Business on call ranged from 7 currency to gold interest up to three o'clock. After that money was leaned at gold interest, but with exceptional transactions at 1-16@⅛ per cent. The currency is still going West to move the wool clip, and the heavy receipts of grain at the lake ports may stimulate this movement.

Sterling firm at 9⅜@9⅝. Gold weak and free sales by German bankers; opened at 139⅛, and closed at 138⅞. Carrying rates 7@8 per cent., and 1-32 per cent. per day. Clearances $54,000,000.

Governments closed steady at a fraction under the highest rates of the day. Coupons of '81, 121¾@122; do. '62, 122⅝@122¾; do. '64, 117⅛@117¾; do. '65, 119@119⅛; do. new, 119⅞@120; do, '67, 119¾@119⅞; do. '68, 119⅝@119⅞; 10-40s, 108⅛@108¾; Pacifics, 106⅞@107.

State bonds dull. Missouris, 92; old Tennessees, 65¾@66; new do., 63½; new North Carolinas, 55¼@55½; Virginias, 60¼.

Stocks unsettled, but 2@4 per cent. lower, the marked features being Pacific Mail, New York Central, Michigan Southern and North Western. The market closes feverish and still unsettled.

Bidding prices at 5:30: Cumberland Coal, 33; Wells Express, 31; American, 40; Adams, 59½; United States, 67½; Merchants Union, 15; Quicksilver, 16⅝; Canton, 64; Pacific Mail, 89¼; Western Union Telegraph, 40½; Mariposa, 9½; do. preferred, 18; New York Central, 188⅞; Erie, 29¾; do. preferred, 55; Hudson, 157¼; Harlem, 146½; Reading, 97¾; Alton and Terre Haute, 34; do. preferred, 57½; Wabash, 72½; do. preferred, 80; St. Paul, 74; do. preferred, 84¾; Fort Wayne, 106½; Ohio and Mississippi, 32⅝; Michigan Central, 136; Michigan Southern, 103½; Illinois Central, 143; Pittsburgh, 95¾; Rock Island, 118½; Northwestern 83⅜; do. preferred, 93¼.

Mining Shares dull.

Coppers at Boston: Copper Falls, 8¼; Franklin, 17; Hecla, 67; Minnesota, 1⅛; Quincy, 24.

DETROIT, June 14.—Flour flat and nothing doing. Wheat; extra white sold at $1,64; No. 1 $1,39 bid, and $1,40 asked; No. 1 amber offered at $1,28. Corn at 65@66c and the market dull. Oats; No. 1 offered at 64c. Feed bran held at 11@13c. Coarse middlings quiet at 17@18c.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
MONDAY, June 14, 1869.

Business opens pretty much as it closed last week, dull and neglected with but little prospect of any immediate improvement. The stagnation is not confined to any one branch of business, but prevades all branches of trade, and it is probable that dullness will rule supreme during the next two or three months. This is usually the case every summer, and there is no reason why this one should be an exception. With every prospect of splendid crops, however, there is no reason for complaint, and, besides, there is every indication that there will be a good fall trade.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales at 50@$1,00, per gallon as to quality.

APPLES—None in market—season may be regarded over.

BUTTER—Prime to choice Roll is scarce and in demand, with sales at 25@28.

BEANS—Dull at $2@2,50.

CARBON OIL—May be quoted at 28@29, in a jobbing way, for standard brands.

CHEESE—Sales of Western Reserve, at 16@17; Factory, 18@19; and Goshen, 21@22.

DRIED FRUIT—Dull; Peaches, 13 for quarters; 14@15 for mixed and 17@18 for halves. Apples, 12@13½.

EGGS—In better supply and lower; sales at 19@20.

FRUIT—Prunes, 13; Currants, 12½; Valencia Raisins, 14; Layer Raisins $3,75 per box.

FISH—No. 3 large Mackeral (new) $6,75 per half bbl; No. 2 do, $10,50; No. 1 $13,50; Baltimore Herring, $8,50 per bbl—full weight, $9; Baltimore Shad, $8,50. Lake Herring, $3,75 per half bbl; and White Fish, $8,75.

FEATHERS—Firm and in limited supply; we now quote live geese at 85@90 to the trade, and $1, in a retail way.

FLOUR—Dull but unchanged. Following are the store prices: Winter Wheat $6,75@7 in bbls, and $6,50@7 in sacks; good Spring Wheat $6,00@6,50 in bbls, and $6,25 in sacks; fancy Springs, $6,75@7 in bbls, and $6,50@6,75 in sacks. Rye Flour $6,50@6,75. Mill prices unchanged.

GRAIN — Wheat is dull and unchanged. Sales of No. 2 Spring at $1,10. and No. 1 Spring and Winter aa $1,20. Rye is dull with small sales at $1,05@1,10. Oats dull and unchanged; car load lots 65@66, and small lots in store at 68@70. Corn dull and nominal. Small sales of prime Spring Barley at $1,65.

HAY—Dull and unchanged.

HUSKS—Sales corn husks at 3½.

HEMP—Sales at $210.

LARD OIL—Sales of Extra No. 1 at $1,50 and No. 2 at $1,20.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2 50, per bbl, and Common White at $1.75.

POTATOES—Sales of old crop in store, at 45@50 per bushel, and new crop at $3@3,50 per barrel.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12c.

PROVISIONS—Market firmer and prices advancing. We now quote Shoulders at 14½@14¾; Sides 17¼@17½ for Ribbed and 18¼@18½ for Clear; Plain Hams 17¾; Plain Canvassed 00; Sugar Cured Canvassed 20¼@20¾. Dried Beef, 21. Mess Pork, $32,75@33. Lard, 20½ in bbls; 19½ in tierces, and 21 in pails and kegs.

SEEDS — Occasional small sales of Flaxseed at $2,45@2,50. No demand for Clover or Timothy.

SALT—Sales of car load lots at $1,83@1,85.

TALLOW—Nothing doing in this article of importance, and prices are nominal.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
MONDAY, June 14, 1869.

The oil market was again comparatively quiet te-day the volume of business being light, though prices, as a general thing, are fully sustained. It is a noticeable fact that that while the market in this country is firm and tending upward, the European markets do not seem to respond. Antwerp is reported to-day as being down to 46½ francs, which is about equal to 28 cents in Pittsburgh, while the price of spot Refined to-day is 31½. It is said, in explanation of this, that Antwerp is disposed to be bearish; that the time has arrived when these people want to buy, and that they are doing all they can to force down prices. Be this as it may, it does not look well to see the market in this shape, and it would certainly look better to have a margin in our favor, instead of one against us. It is plain enough from the above figures that there is no chance to make shipments at present prices, but on the contrary, a loss would certainly result therefrom. It is argued, however, that Antwerp, as an oil market, is not as prominent as it was a few years since, and that it has not the influence on the markets here that it had then. There is one thing certain, however, the cable telegrams from that point are still sought after with considerable interest

CRUDE.

Is steady but quiet and unchanged Sale of two lots of 1,000 each for June seller's option, at 14¼; and 1,000 bbls, seller July, at $5,75 at Venango City—considered equivalent to 14¾.

REFINED

Sales in lots of 2,000 bbls each July to December at 33. June quoted at 31½; June and July together at 32 and July, alone at 32½. Market steady, and, as will be seen, prices fully sustained.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Lockhart, Frew & Co.	2,040 bbls.
Waring & King	320 "
R. T. Leech	80 "
Fisher & Bro	1,460 "
Livingston & Bro.	470 "
Ralston & Waring	430 "
Total	4,730 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co. 60 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Hutchison Oil & Refining Co., 206 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.
Total shipments Refined..... 266

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The market was quiet toward the close, but opened fairly active this afternoon at full prices for cotton goods. The Appleton A heavy brown sheetings advanced this morning to 16c, but are down again this afternoon to 15½c. Blackstone AA 4-4 bleached are selling at 15c. In other goods there is no important alteration. Poor delaines have been selling as low as 15c, but all goods bring 20.

MEMPHIS, June 14.—Cotton firm and scarce; low middlings at 30@30½c; good ordinary 29c; receipts 128, exports 256 bales. Pork $34. Bacon very firm; shoulders 14½c; sides 19c. Lard dull at 20½c. Corn 85@87½c. Hay dull; prime $26@27. Bran market overstocked at 21½c. Potatoes—new $3,50.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

FARMING THAT PAYS.

We find in the Chicago *Post* the following report of successful farming in Minnesota. It supports the idea that capital and science may derive from agriculture profits quite equal to those yielded by other standard employments:

Mr. Dalrymple is a native of Western Pennsylvania, and grew up among the sterile hills of that region. Being a man of energy and ambition and sharing the common aversion against a farmer's life, he studied law and came to Minnesota and settled about the year 1857. Acquiring a competence rapidly in his profession, his health became impaired, when he turned his attention to farming. A short experience upon a moderate scale soon convinced him that a measure of the capital, energy and sagacity requisite in other pursuits would be at least equally successful in agriculture, especially if followed upon a a liberal scale. He accordingly immediately commenced enlarging his operations by purchasing two additional tracts within convenient distance, which, with his original purchase, he named respectively the "Grant," "Sherman" and "Sheridan" farms. These comprised in the aggregate about 2,000 acres, of which about 1,700 were allotted to wheat.

His first crop in so extended an area was produced in the year 1867. The yield was an average of 21 bushels per acre, or a total of 35,700 bushels. He contracted for the transportation of his crop in bulk to Milwaukee for 21 cents per bushel, where he realized from $1,60 to $1,85 per bushel, netting about $1,50 per bushel, or an aggregate of $53,550. In consequence of the extremely high prices which had ruled the preceding year—seed wheat costing $2,50, with corresponding disbursements for first breaking and other expenses—the net profits were somewhat less than one-third of the total receipts; but a clear profit was realized of about $14,500.

The crop of the following year, 1868, averaged about 23 bushels per acre, or an aggregate of 39,000 bushels, which he was both wise and lucky enough to sell from the harvest field before the decline in grain, by which movement prices were obtained which made an average of $30 per acre. The total cost of production, including interest on capital, amounted to $18 per acre, leaving a clear profit of $12 per acre, or a total of $20,400. The original cost of the land averaged about $12 per acre; so that after allowing amply for expenses of building, fencing and other improvements, the net profits on two years' crops were more than sufficient to cover the whole, while the market value of the land and improvements is to-day nearly or quite three times its first cost.

Mr. Dalrymple, I learn, has still further extended his operations the present season, and if the present propitious weather continues, greater results will be produced than anything yet realized. His field of operations is about twenty miles southeast of St. Paul, in the beautiful and fertile region known as "Cottage Grove," so called from a belt of oak timber half a mile wide in which the farmers have built their houses, while their fields run out on the adjacent prairie. It is a narrow strip of country with an undulating surface, a warm friable soil, underlaid with limestone, and bounded by the Mississippi and St. Croix rivers, by which rare facilities are afforded for the shipment of grain.

Mr. Dalrymple purchases his supplies by wholesale, keeping an eye wisely upon the markets, obtains his laborers by liberal advertising, pays them amply, and divides and directs their labor through the aid of a competent foreman, with something of military precision. He studies and uses all the well-attested improvements in machinery, especially for gathering and handling grain, and in short has illustrated the splendid results to be expected of "large farming" in Minnesota when directed by a union of ample means and business-like energy and sagacity.

Gov. Marshall's experiment is not yet sufficiently developed to afford any results. He owns, in company with Maj. J. H. Donaldson, 2,200 acres in Windom township, Mower county, of which 1,000 acres are now in wheat with a very promising appearance.

A Mr. Foster, formerly of Plainview, Wabasha county, now of Winona, cultivated for several years, about 1,400 acres with very remunerative results.

Mr. Jenkins, of Lakeville, Dakota county, has a farm of 700 acres; Mr. Kendall, of Eyota, Olmsted county, one of the same size; while Capt. W. F. Davidson, President of the Northwestern Packet Company, has recently purchased a tract of several thousand acres with a view to the prosecution of farming operation on a large scale.

WHEN TO CUT GRASS.

We find the following, given in the Massachusetts Agricultural Report, as the views of Dr. Fisher with reference to the proper time to cut grass. We think that he has put the time a little too early, to secure the best results in quantity and quality, but in the main he is correct:

"Grass should be cut just at the time when cattle like it best, and that is long before it is in flower. If you will give cattle their choice, you will find that they will take invariably the earlier and shorter grass, before it throws up its flower stem. It may be that if you cut the grass at that time you get but a very small crop, but it is just as much better as it is smaller. I have been experimenting upon this subject for some years, and I have concluded that the best time to cut herds'-grass, if I can have my choice, is when the seed-stem just begins to show itself, and when the grass averages from ten inches to a foot in height. At that time the grass contains more nutriment than it does afterwards, because as it goes on it changes to woody fibre very much faster than it increases the soluble ingredients which serve for the nourishment of the animal. I therefore intend to cut my grass at that time.

"I used to make the same mistake that almost everybody does. I did not begin to cut my grass until my first field was ripe, and the consequence was, when I ended, my last grass was spoiled, which is the case with a great many farmers. It is important to cut all the grass when it is in good condition, and the only way we can get along with it is to cut the first too early. I watched my grass this year daily, and I came to the conclusion that if I had cut it all on the 15th day of June it would have been worth more money to me than if cut later. I began about the 13th of June and finished on the 3d of July. I cut my herds'-grass before it had shown a blossom, and I should be willing to put that hay before cattle beside of any other hay, and if they did not choose mine in preference to any other I should be very much mistaken.

"Then there is another thing to be considered. You get a second crop, which is large and equally good quality. It does not disturb the digestion of animals, as rowen often does, and certainly two crops are worth more than can be got off the land. The effect of this upon cattle is just like grass. It is dried grass; it is not chips and shavings, as a great part of our hay is. A great portion of it is soluble, and animals thrive well upon it. It takes less to keep them; they will give more milk, make better looking butter, and more of it."

CULTURE OF SMALL FRUITS.

A correspondent of the New York Fruit Growers' Club lately asked the following questions:

1. Will it do to continue pinching back the young shoots all through the growing season until frost, or should we stop in the fall? If so, at what time? 2. How long will blackberry and raspberry plantation last? I understand that some growers recommend taking up the old plants every four or five years, and setting out new plants in their place. I hear that the Antwerp raspberry is failing at Milton on the Hudson river. 3. I have seen it recommended to plow or farrow up to the plants in the fall. Now, should the soil be left during the next summer, or taken away?

To these questions, Mr. A. S. Fuller replied as follows:

It is difficult to give directions that will suit all localities and soils. In regard to pinching back the young canes of rasberries, my practice is to pinch back blackberries but once or twice in the season, according to the strength of the plants, and then only the main cane is checked, as I prefer to let the side shoots grow their whole length, and prune them back in winter or early in the spring. I usually commence pinching off the main cane early in July, and if the upper buds start and grow too strong, I check them again in August, but never later than the first of September. Late summer pinching or pruning is always injurious, particularly if the plants are growing very vigorously, because they are very likely to produce new shoots which will be killed by the frost. Besides this, the fruit buds which are relied upon for the next season's crop, will sometimes start in the fall, and, of course, be destroyed by the first frost. I have never found it necessary to check the growth of rasberry plants in summer, and I doubt if it is ever beneficial. The duration of raspberry and blackberry plantations will depend entirely upon the soil and care given them. Probably about five years is the average duration, but I have known some to be as good at fifteen years, as they were at three and four years. Plowing the soil up to the plants in the fall is certainly to be recommended for both raspberries and blackberries, but the soil should be made level again in the spring.

DIGGING BETWEEN THE ROWS OF STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

A writer in the *Gardner's Magazine* says there is a diversity of opinion among gardners as to the injury or benefit which is derived from digging between the rows of strawberries. The late Mr. Keen of Isleworth, the originator of Keen's Seedling, was an advocate for shallow digging. It is just possible that his soil was rather light, and that as the strawberry delights to grow in a tenacious or good loamy soil, he objected to deep digging, for fear of loosening the subsoil. In the neighborhood of Enfield, whence the London markets are supplied annually with large quantities of fruit, the ground between the rows is deeply dug, and allowed to remain rather rough, so that the soil thus disturbed, may derive benefit from the influence of the atmosphere penetrating it. Bosides this, the constant treading between the rows, that they may derive nourishment from the manure that may be applied, and to admit the spring and early summer rains, or any water that may be given to them during their bearing season.

To destroy insects on the leaves of your roses, an experienced gardener tells us the following remedy, which we are assured never fails, and the expense is inconsiderable. Take about two ounces of quassia, which is cheap and can be procured at any drug store, and put it in a gallon of water, which boil twenty minutes. When cold wash the leaves of the busnes with it. Many florists have lately been complaining of a little green insect, and they will do well to try the receipt.

To stop bees from robbing each other's hives, put a small piece of camphor inside the entrance of the hive which is plundered.

FOWLS IN ORCHARDS.

The public has yet to learn the full advantage of keeping poultry. Few seem to appreciate what they may do among trees in an orchard. Let any one try them in an orchard of a quarter of an acre, where they may be kept by the picket fence four or five feet high, putting in, say one hundred and twenty-five fowls, and observe the result. It will avoid the annoyances in the garden, of which so many complain, while they will work among the trees, doing just what is needed, and destroying everything that can injure the fruit trees, in the shape of bugs, worms or other insects, and lay a large number of eggs, which are a cash article, to say nothing of the chickens, which pay well enough for raising at the present time. I have tried it and know it is so. I have about one hundred fowls, which have worked admirably among my trees, keeping the ground in good condition, keeping off the insects and promoting the growth of the orchard. I am satisfied that we have yet to learn the full benefits which may be derived from the proper management of fowls, and it is quite possible that the method I have suggested may offer the best way of getting our apple orchards into bearing condition.

Number One.—One hour lost in the morning by laying in bed, will put back all the business of the day.

One hour gained by rising early, is worth one month in the year.

One hole in the fence will cost ten times as much as it will to fix it at once.

One diseased sheep will spoil a flock.

One drunkard will keep a family poor and make them miserable.

One husband that is penurious or lazy, and deprives his family of necessary comforts, such as their neighbors enjoy, is not such a husband as he ought to be.

One good newspaper is one good thing in every family, and—

One who don't take a good paper, and pay for it, is an unworthy citizen, and disregards the best interests of his family.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To use these medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile shuts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 245 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hinerance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps*. ap2

ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my13:j2:

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; ineliorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *Black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j62

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease*. Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j63-d&F

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF

WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES,

409 PENN STREET,

Have Removed to

NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,

Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195, FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS. HOPS, &c. mh28.n82

DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership between the subscribers as Boiler Makers, &c., under the name of WM. BARNHILL & CO., was dissolved by agreement on May 8th, 1869. The books and debts owing to the late firm will be settled and collected only by Mr. GEO. N. ARMSTRONG, at the office of the late firm, No. 26 Penn street, who is thereunto duly authorized, and claims against the firm will be presented to him.

WM. BARNHILL,
LEVI BRENNEMAN.

PITTSBURGH, June 3, 1869. je4 k27

WHITE LIME.—300 barrels Fresh White Lime, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD,

NOTICES.

OFFICE PITTS. & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO.,
PITTSBURGH, June 8th, 1869.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given that Coupon No. 2, Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Company First Mortgage Bonds, will be paid on and after JULY 1st NEXT upon presentation and delivery at the Merchants National Bank of Baltimore.

JOHN H. PAGE, Jr., Treasurer.

je10:k46-THST

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, May 3d, 1869.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Company, clear of National and State taxes, payable in cash on and after May 30, 1869.

Blank powers of attorney for collecting dividends can be had at the office of the Company, No. 238 S. Third street.

The office will be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 4 P. M. from May 30 to June 5, for the payment of dividends, and after that date from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTE.—The Third Instalment on New Stock of 1868 is due and payable on or before June 15. my8:198

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 3, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day of June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

my8:198 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 298 of City Digest,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE

CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST, and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST and the FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between September fifteenth and October first.

On addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

STATE MERCANTILE LICENSES!

The State Mercantile Appraiser has returned to me for collection the appraisement for 1869. State Mercantile Licenses must be paid on or before July 1st, 1869.

All Licenses remaining unpaid at that date will be placed in the hands of Aldermen for collection.

A. J. COCHRAN,
CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, June 1, 1869. je5:k68

AUCTION SALES.

BY A. LEGGATE.

SHADYSIDE RESIDENCE AT AUCTION.

On THURSDAY, JUNE 17th, at 3½ o'clock, will be sold by auction on the premises, the very beautiful residence of the late Orrin Newton, Esq., at Shadyside Station, on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, three and a half miles from the Union Depot. The grounds consist of four acres well improved and highly ornamented with fruit, shade and forest trees, shrubbery and small fruits. That portion in front of the house is a beautiful level lawn of nearly one hundred yards square, fronting on Center avenue, while that in the rear has a handsome gentle slope, fronting on the railway. The house is a two story double frame, containing parlor, sitting and dining rooms, with folding doors, five bed rooms, kitchen, wash-house, pantries, closets and other conveniences. There are marble mantles, Boston range, bake-oven, boiler, pumps, spring-house, stable and carriage house. There are handsome front and side porches, and an observatory from which exceedingly fine views of the surrounding country is obtainable. Abundance of good soft water on the premises.

The house is a very substantial structure, has a very pleasing appearance, and is altogether a first class residence. It adjoins the residence of Dr. Hussey, and is encircled by those of Messrs. Howard, Hitchcock, Renshaw, Pitcairn, Lewis and Graham. It is near to church and school, and but a few yards from Shadyside Station. There are ten trains daily to and from the city—eighteen minutes ride. In view of the spacious and comfortable dwelling, the eligible and agreeable situation, the easy travel, the good neighborhood, and all the pleasant surroundings, this property should command the especial attention of business men desiring to procure a beautiful suburban home. If desired by intending purchasers present at the sale, the property will be sold in sections to suit. It will, however, be first offered entire. The premises are unoccupied. Immediate possession given. Keys to inspect can be had at 118 Wood street.

Terms—One-third cash; balance in one and two years. Train for sale leaves Union Depot at 3 o'clock, city time.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.
je12 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

FINE BUILDING LOT ON LINCOLN AVENUE, ALLEGHENY, AT AUCTION.

On TUESDAY, JUNE 15th, at 3 o'clock, will be sold on the premises, in one or two pieces, that vacant property on Lincoln avenue, opposite the new Orphan Asylum, 100 feet front and 140 feet in depth. This is a first class situation. All the dwellings erected on Lincoln avenue are of the first order, rendering it a most desirable place for residence. Terms at sale.

A. LEGGATE,
je12 Auctioneer.

BY A. M'ILWAINE.

IMPORTANT SALE OF HIGH CLASS MODERN PAINTINGS, BY DISTINGUISHED AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN ARTISTS.—THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, June 17th and 18th, at 10 o'clock A. M. and 8 o'clock P. M., each day, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, (side entrance also on Fifth avenue, above Smithfield,) a large collection of high class Modern Paintings, by distinguished American and European artists. Also several original pictures by the late Pittsburgh artist, Blythe. The sale comprises a very choice Gallery of Oil Paintings, selected with great care and discrimination from the studios of eminent and foreign artists, embracing Landscapes, Figure Pieces, Marine Views, Still Life, &c., the whole constituting a collection of remarkable beauty and value, to which the attention of connoisseurs and lovers of art is confidently invited, as certain to bear the closest scrutiny and most critical judgment. They are all mounted in elegant gilt frames, of the latest patterns and best workmanship, warranted gilt with pure gold leaf. The paintings are now arranged on free exhibition, day and evening, until time of sales. Descriptive catalogues ready for distribution. Ladies and gentlemen specially invited to examine the collection, as this sale is particularly deserving their attention.

je14 A. M'ILWAINE, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE SALE OF THE REAL ESTATE OF THE FALLSTON WOODEN WARE WORKS, FALLSTON BOROUGH, BEAVER CO.—FRIDAY MORNING, June 18th, at 10 o'clock, by order of W. A. Lewis, Esq., Assignee of Bailey & McCandless, bankrupts, will be sold at Commercial Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, the entire large real estate, situate in Fallston borough, Beaver county, Pa., and known as the Fallston Wooden Ware Works, including the grounds, buildings, machinery, &c., necessary for manufacturing wooden ware, together with 26 shares of power of the Fallston Water Company. The machinery is of the latest improvement. For other particulars inquire of W. A. Lewis, Esq., 93 Diamond St.

A. M'ILWAINE,
je12 Auctioneer.

INSURANCE.

THE IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Of Pennsylvania.

Office, 75 Federal St., Allegheny City.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. JAMES L. GRAHAM,
Rev. J. B. CLARK, D. D.,
Capt. R. ROBINSON,
Rev. A. K. BELL, D.D.,
Rev. S. H. NESBIT, D.D.,
W. A. REED, Cashier Allegheny Trust Co.
JACOB RUSH, Real Estate Agent,
SIMON DRUM, Mayor of Allegheny,
C. W. BENNY, Hatter.
A. S. BELL, Attorney-at-Law,
D. L. PATTERSON, Lumber Merchant,
D. SWOGER, Insurance Agent.

Capt. ROBT. ROBINSON, President.
Rev. J. B. CLARK, D. D., Vice President,
JACOB RUSH, Secretary,
C. W. BENNY, Treasurer.

M. W. WHITE, MEDICAL ADVISER.

DANIEL SWOGER, Gen'l Agent.

This is a home company, conducted on the mutual principle, each policy holder receiving an equal share of the profits of the Company. Policies will be issued on all the different plans of Life Insurance, and being conducted on an economical basis will afford a safe investment to each policy holder, and thereby retain the money at home to encourage home industry. mh29:g33

BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

OFFICE IN FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK BUILDINGS,

No. 41 Ohio St., Allegheny.

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

HENRY IRWIN.....President.
GEO. D. RIDDLE.....Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Henry Irwin,	D. L. Patterson,	Wm. Cooper,
Geo. R. Riddle,	Jacob Franz,	Gottlieb Faas,
Simon Drum,	J. R. Smith,	Jacob Rush,
W. M. Stewart,	Ch. P. Whiston,	Joseph Craig,
Jos. Lautner,	H. J. Zinkand,	Jere. Kohen.

R. E. HERON, GENERAL AGENT.

ap16:o35

CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,

PHELAN'S BUILDING,

No. 22 Fifth Avenue, Second Floor, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital All Paid Up.

DIRECTORS.

N. J. Bigley,	H. W. Oliver, jr.	Capt. M. Bailey,
Dan'l Wallace,	S. H. Hartman,	A. Chambers,
Jake Hill,	S. M'Clurkan,	Jas. M. Bailey.
Thomas Smith,	Jno. S. Willock,	

ROBERT H. KING, President.
JNO. F. JENNINGS, Vice President.
JOS. T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
Capt. R. J. GRACE, Gen'l Agent.

Insures on Liberal Terms on all Fire and Marine Risks.

ap2:g67

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH,

OFFICE, No. 167½ WOOD STREET, BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

LEONARD WALTER, President.
C. C. BOYLE, Vice President.
ROBERT PATRICK, Treasurer.
HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Leonard Walter,	George Wilson,
C. C. Boyle,	Geo. W. Evans,
Robert Patrick,	J. C. Lappe,
Jacob Painter,	J. C. Fleiner,
Josiah King,	John Voegtley,
Jas. H. Hopkins,	A. Ammon.
Henry Sproul,	

jy4:

INDEMNITY AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA,

OFFICE, 435 & 437 CHESTNUT ST., near 5TH.

DIRECTORS.

Charles W. Bancker,	Mordecai H. Lewis,
Tobias Wagner,	David S. Brown,
Samuel Grant,	Isaac Lea,
Jacob R. Smith,	Edward C. Dale,
George W. Richards,	George Fales.

CHARLES G. BANCKER, President.
EDW. C. DALE, Vice President.
W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*
J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets.
mh29:w15

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

Cor. Federal St. and Diamond, Allegheny,

Office, in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

W. W. MARTIN, President,
JOHN BROWN, JR., Vice President,
JAMES E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

John A. Myler,	Jas. Lockhart,	Jos. Myers,
Jas. L. Graham,	Robert Lea,	C. C. Boyle,
Jno. Brown, Jr.	George Gerst,	Jacob Hopp.
O. H. Williams	Jno. Thompson	J. McNaugher.

ap6

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE NEELD, General Agent.

Office, 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alexander Nimick,	John R. McCune,
R. Miller, Jr.,	Chas. J. Clarke,
James McAuley,	William S. Evans,
Alexander Speer,	Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Andrew Ackieu,	Philip Reymer,
David M. Long,	Wm. Morrison,
D. Ihmsen.	

no27

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE, N. E. CORNER WOOD & FIFTH STS.

A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Phillips,	Capt. John L. Rhoads,
John Watt,	Samuel P. Shriver,
John E. Parks,	Charles Arbuckle,
Capt. James Miller,	Jared M. Brush,
Wm. Van Kirk,	Wm F. Lang,
James D. Verner,	Samuel McCrickart

WM. PHILLIPS, President.
JOHN WATT, Vice President.
W. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
CAPT. JAS. GORDON, General Agent.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH,

OFFICE, No. 37 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK. Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
T. J. HOSKINSON, Vice President.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

John Irwin, Jr.,	B. L. Fahnestock
T. J. Hoskinson,	W. H. Everson,
C. G. Hussey,	Robert H. Davis,
Harvey Childs,	Francis Sellers,
Charles Hays,	Capt. J. T. Stockdale.
Capt. Wm. Dean,	T. H. Nevin.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.

Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano, AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.

The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $50 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN

Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.

CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

PICKLES.—25 barrels prime Pickles, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

Lessee.....WM. HENDERSON,
Manager.....M. W. CANNING

WEDNESDAY EVENING, June 16, complimentary benefit to

G. F. CONKLIN.

The performance will commence with the celebrated drama of

DICK TURPIN.

Tom King.....F. A. Tannehill.

Indian club Exercises by Messrs. HAMILL, COULTER, DIERST, GRABENSTEIN and others. The AVOLA BROTHERS, Aerial Bars and Tumbling. Cloud Swinging, DIERST, GRABENSTEIN and BOYD.

To conclude with the Burletta of WIDOW'S VICTIM.

Box Sheet open Wednesday morning.

CHURCH HOME FESTIVAL.

The annual sale of Fancy Articles and Refreshments of this charitable institution, will take place in the court yards and gardens of the "Church Home," in Lawrenceville, opposite the Arsenal Park, on

Thursday Afternoon and Evening.

Admission and supper tickets can be obtained at the entrance gate. je13:k37

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

TUESDAY EVENING, June 15th.

DUMAS GREAT PLAY OF CAMILLE.

Miss HOSMER as - - - CAMILLE.

Box office open from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Also, seats can be secured at Mellor's music store, Miner's book store and Barr, Knake & Beuttler, Sixth street.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL—The ladies of Plymouth Church will hold a Strawberry Festival in EXCELSIOR HALL, corner Federal and Lacock streets, Allegheny, on TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, 15th and 16th inst. The members and friends of the church are respectfully invited to be present. je12:k31

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

H. W. WILLIAMS, Lessee and Manager.

To-night—Complimentry benefit to Miss LUCY CLIFTON. Mr P. McDermott, Barlow Brothers, and the great company in a superb olio and the burlesque called THE "WITE" FAWN.

Last Matinee of the season on Wednesday.

FIFTH AVENUE HALL.—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa.

W. H. STROUP.....Manager.

This house has one of the finest Billiard Rooms in the city. It is elegantly the coolest and most inviting place. The tables are all new and embrace all the modern improvements, and offers superior attractions to lovers of the game.

ORDINANCES.

ALLEGHENY.

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Grading of Sarah Street, from Union Avenue to City Line.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading of Sarah street as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expense of said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Sarah street respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Sarah street respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," pass

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* ½ *mos.,* $2.

These who intend spending any time away from home during the summer months, can have the GAZETTE mailed to them by leaving their address at our counting room.

Council Meeting.—A special meeting of the City Councils will be held this afternoon, at two o'clock.

Two Charges.—Kate Joyce lodged two informations, yesterday, before Alderman Taylor, against Mary Murray, for selling liquor on Sunday. Mary was arrested and held for a hearing to-morrow.

Paid the Penalty.—William Malacaster and S. S. Sackett, charged before the Mayor with selling liquor on Sunday, after a hearing yesterday, paid the penalty of fifty dollars each and costs.

Beat and Abused.—Christ. Sendoff made information before Justice Heisel, of East Birmingham, yesterday, charging George Jacobs with assault and battery. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Abused a Boy.—N. J. Kellar made information before Justice Heisel, yesterday, charging Wm. Ackerman with assault and battery. He alleges that the accused attacked and beat his son. A warrant was issued.

Desertion.—Elizabeth Stewart appeared before Alderman Lynch yesterday morning, and lodged complaint for desertion against her husband, James Stewart, who, she alleges, has contributed nothing toward her support for one year. Warrant issued.

The Concert last night at Masonic Hall, under the direction of Prof. C. Tetedoux, for the benefit of the Homœopathic Hospital, drew together a very large and fashionable audience. The musical entertainment was of the very highest order, and all present were delighted.

Amputated. — Yesterday afternoon, about five o'clock, an employe in the blacksmith shop of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad had one of his toes cut off by the falling of a locomotive frame upon it. He was taken to his boarding house and had his injuries attended to.

Flattering.—We direct the attention of our readers to the very flattering exhibit of affairs made by the Dollar Savings Bank, one of our safest, most reliable and strongest of banking institutions. The Trustees declare a dividend of three per cent., free of tax, out of the profits for the last six months.

Strawberry Festival.—A strawberry festival, under the direction of the ladies of Plymouth Church, will be given in Excelsior Hall, Allegheny, this and to-morow evenings. The managers of the entertainment understand these matters, and we can assure all who attend a pleasant time.

The Railroad Question —A meeting of the Committee on Railroads will be held Wednesday at three o'clock P. M., at the Mayor's Office, to consider the petition presented to Councils and referred to the Committee, relative to granting the right of way through the city to the Connellsville Railroad Company.

A Watery Assault.—Christian Lenkart alleges that Annie Buckler threw a bucket of water over his little daughter, Emma Lenkart, aged four years. The parties reside in the Ninth ward, and the affair is said to have occurred yesterday morning. A warrant for Annie's arrest was issued by Alderman Taylor.

Will Probably Recover.—We stated yesterday that a workman in East Liberty, while shooting at a target had accidently shot and killed a man. We should have said a boy, and stated that he was only wounded. He was somewhat better yesterday and will probably recover.

Slapped Him.—John Cohen was arrested yesterday and held for a hearing on a charge of assault preferred before Alderman McMasters by Louis Phillips. Phillips alleges that Cohen seized him by the ear and slapped him in the face, on Smithfield street, last Saturday evening.

Assault and Battery.—Patrick Gilchrist, of East Birmingham, made an assault upon John Sullivan, one of his neighbors, Saturday evening, and beat him severely. Sullivan yesterday made information before Justice Ammon charging Gilchrist with assault and battery. A warrant was issued.

Disorderly Woman.—Pritchard Regan yesterday made information before Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, charging Catharine Gilchrist with disorderly conduct. He alleges that Catharine was under the influence of liquor and acted in a very disorderly manner on the streets. A warrant was issued for her arrest.

False Pretence.—John H. Meyens made information before Justice Heisel, yesterday, charging John Fisher with obtaining money under false pretences. He alleges that the accused obtained from him the sum of fifty cents by representing that he had a watch to raffle at fifty cents a chance. A warrant was issued.

Hymenial.—Alderman Bailie, of the First ward, Allegheny, is quite a favorite with those who contemplate sealing their destinies by matrimony. Saturday last he united two happy couples, and had his office visited by another. Unfortunately the last failed to find him in and were compelled to seek elsewhere to be yoked in the connubial harness.

Deputy Mayor.—In accordance with a recent Act of Assembly, Alderman G. W. Nichols, of the Seventeenth ward, has been appointed Deputy Mayor, and henceforth will discharge duties as such in connection with his business as Alderman. He is a citizen of the highest standing, competent in all respects, and will discharge the trust reposed in him with fidelity.

An Outlaw Arrested.—Joseph Meyers, it appears, has for some time past been making himself obnoxious to the citizens of Bloomfield, in the Eighteenth ward. He purchased a pistol and was in the habit of shooting when and where he pleased, and when any person remonstrated with him he would threaten to shoot them. He was arrested yesterday by one of the Mayor's officers and confined in the lock-up to await a hearing.

Assault and Battery.—Richard Dunton, of Mansfield, made information, before the Mayor, yesterday, charging John Atchie with assault and battery. The difficulty out of which the prosecution originated occurred at the fire at Mansfield, on Saturday night. The parties got into a quarrel, which terminated in Atchie striking the prosecutor, when the latter drew a knife and cut him several times.

"Dreaming" is the title of a new song written and composed by Mr. J. Wm. Pope, and dedicated by him to Mrs. Richard Breed. It is eminently sentimental, with sweet words and touching music, such as so often reach the popular heart and thrill it. Mr. Pope has written numerous well known songs, but he says, and we think with truth, that this is the best of them all. It is published by Messrs. Barr, Knake & Buettler, No. 12 Sixth street.

Disorderly Conduct.—James Regan made information before Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, yesterday, charging David Maloney with disorderly conduct. He alleges that the accused went to his house during his, the prosecutor's, absence, and behaved in an indecent and disorderly manner. Maloney was arrested and after a hearing required to pay a fine of twenty-five dollars and costs.

Grand Concert at Excelsior Hall, Allegheny City, on next Thursday evening, June 17th, under the leadership of Prof. Manning, who will introduce to the public, for the first time, his pupil, Miss Mary Orton, who will sing and play the violin. She executes the most difficult compositions, either vocal or intrumental, with great ease and taste. A number of the best amateurs of both cities will assist at this rare musical treat.

Resolutions by the Methodist Episcopal Ministerial Association:

Resolved, By the Preachers' Association of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and vicinity, that we heartily endorse the action of their Honors, the Mayors of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, in their efforts to enforce a proper observance of the Sunday law.

Resolved, That we most respectfully request their Honors to suppress any unlawful demonstrations that may be attempted on the coming 4th of July.

J. M. CARR, Secretary.

Flooded his Apartments —Bridget Nicholson, like Mr. Richard Swiveller, has "apartments" in a house on Penn street, Ninth ward. Yesterday she unfortunately aroused the ire of Mary McGuire, who thereupon had her revenge by flooding the "apartments," consisting of one room, with several buckets of water. Not content with this, however, she finally influenced her husband to become pugilistically inclined, and threatened to demolish the youthful scion of the house of Nicholson. To protect herself, Bridget lodged information for assault and battery against Mary, and surety of the peace against John, before Alderman Taylor, which resulted in their commitment to jail for trial.

The Anderson Troop, which every one must remember, whose gallant record is as familiar as household words, and many of whose members became officers in other bodies of soldiers, where they won individual laurels, is to hold a reunion. "All that is left of them" are expected and urged to meet at Carlisle, Penna., on the 21st of July, to make arrangements for a permanent organization. Many of the old members will be personally notified of this intended meeting of their comrades, but in all probability many will not, and all such can receive any information they desire, concerning the details of the reunion, by addressing Norman M. Smith, Pittsburgh, or Walter F. Austin, 98 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.

How beautiful is the three-cornered pig park in front of the Penitentiary; How charming it is to have the budding beauties of the rejuvenating Common grounds enhanced by the numerous active inhabitants of that portion of the Commons now used as a pig pen by the Penitentiary! All nature is lovely and therefore these porkers must be, but their surroundings of filth and mire not being nature unadorned, may safely be accused of lack of those charms which attract the eye or delight the nasal organ. Many months ago we had a little article describing this pig park and kindly suggesting that the Mayor should go and admire its beauties, but the envious owners took the pigs away and thus deprived His Honor of the pleasure we had offered him, but which he can now enjoy, as the park is once more in full operation, and the active denizens are as fascinating now as they were of yore.

Serious Accident.

A young man by the name of Barr, residing on Crawford street, met with a serious accident Sunday evening at or near the Smithfield Methodist Episcopal Church. It appears that he had a revolver with him, which, on leaving the church, he had taken out of his pocket for some purpose, and was in the act of replacing when it was discharged, the contents entering his thigh and passing down the leg to the ankle joint, where the ball lodged. He was removed to his residence and medical attendance summoned.

Fire at Mansfield.

At three o'clock, Sunday morning, a two story brick building, owned and occupied as a grocery and provision store by Mr. Joseph K. Cubbage, caught fire, and was entirely consumed, with its contents. Mr. Cubbage was sleeping in the second story, and awoke from the smell of smoke. He went down stairs and found the store room in flames. He narrowly escaped with his life, obtaining egress by way of a cellar window. He was slightly scorched and burned. His loss in goods and money will amount to about $5,000. All his books were burned. The fire resulted, it is thought, from an accident.

Sunday Liquor Selling Case.

Mrs. Jane McBratney appeared before Alderman Bailie, yesterday, and made information against "Reddy" Henderson for selling liquor on Sunday. The prosecutrix alleges her son, a youth about twenty-two years of age, came home under the influence of liquor last Sunday, and when questioned, stated he had procured the spirits at the establishment of Henderson, located in the basement of the Grant House, Federal street, Allegheny. It is but proper to state that the saloon has no further connection with and is not under the control of the proprietor of the hotel. The prosecutrix also lodged a civil suit against Henderson for the penalty of fifty dollars, for violating the Sunday liquor law. Warrant issued.

An Old Offender.

The man convicted in the Quarter Sessions Court, yesterday, on a charge of larceny, under the name of William Howard, and sentenced to imprisonment for two years in the Western Penitentiary, is, it appears, an old offender, and has served a term in the institution to which he was sentenced yesterday. He is no other than John Mulligan, a notorious thief and burglar, and was sentenced to the New York State Prison for a term of seven years, but managed to escape after an imprisonment of ten months. This fact, we presume, was not known to the Court at the time sentence was pronounced, or he would probably have received a heavier sentence. He is quite a young looking man, and has not the appearance of a thief.

THE PULPIT.

Extracts from a Sermon Preached in the First Methodist Church, Allegheny, Sunday Morning, by the Rev. Isaac Aiken.

The announcement that the Rev. Isaac Aiken would occupy the pulpit, attracted to the First Methodist Church, Allegheny, a large and appreciative audience, Sunday morning. For some time past the reverend gentleman has not been engaged in any pulpit ministrations, but his last effort Sunday fully sustained his high reputation, and was a gratifying evidence that in this respect he had lost none of his former power. The discourse, eloquent, argumentative, and fervid, occupied over an hour in its delivery, and commanded from all the closest attention throughout. We regret that we have not room for more than the following brief synopsis, which, however, will serve to convey some idea of its superior character. He read as a text the words:

"For He hath made Him to be sin for us who knew no sin; that we might be made the righteousness of God in Him. We then, as workers together with him, beseech you also that ye receive not the grace of God in vain."—2 *Corinthians*, 5: 21. *and* 6: 1.

And then went on to say

It is a mysterious law of nature that all created life is sustained by death. The life which survives is nourished by the life which is departing. The mineral substances of the earth must decay before we have the soil to produce food. The seed cast into the soil must decay before we have the fruit. The fruit must be destroyed for the sustenance of animal life. One class of animals must die that another may live. This is true of insect life, even though so minute as to be invisible to the naked eye, and so ephemeral, as to rejoice in the gift of life through a single day. It is true of the fish inhabiting all waters. It is true of the birds that fly through the heavens. It is true of the beasts, whether wild in the forest, or domesticated, obediently serving the interests of man. Man himself acts under this law every time he sits down to a table covered with vegetable and animal food. The Divine man, Jesus of Nazareth, bowed to this law—died, that he might be the life of the world.

The submission of the Divine man to this mysterious law of the universe is the subject of the text.

The sinless one was made sin for us. Our author does not mean that he was made the act of sin. This is impossible. First from the testimony of the friends of Jesus, who lived with him. St. John says that no one could "accuse him of sin." St. Paul says "he knew no sin." St. Peter says "he did no sin, neither was guile found in his mouth." This is universal among his cotemporaries. Even so speak his enemies. Jesus could stand up anywhere, in or out of Jerusalem, and challenge His enemies with "which of you accuseth me of sin?" Pilate, who gave sentence that the innocent one should die as a malefactor on the cross, confessed that he "found no evil in him." And Judas, after the betrayal, cried out, "I have betrayed innocent blood." And Jesus made this claim for himself.

He was no boaster. Yet listen to him. Speaking of his inner nature, he says "the Prince of this world cometh and findeth nothing in me." He said he always did what pleased God, his Father. He held himself up as a model for all men, saying "follow me." And he passed through the same temptations as we, "yet without sin."

Our author in the text does mean, that the sinless Divine man was treated, when on earth, as though he had been a sinner. Jesus was with ut sin, but not without suffering. Can we solve this problem? Can we sound this depth? Can we fathom this mystery? Jesus bowed to the operation of a common law. Innocent, He suffered with and for the guilty. How? Some think he endured the wrath of God, Never. The sense of guilt never pierced his soul. There are two kinds of punishment on earth. First that following transgression of law innocently. Walk in the dark night, by the edge of the precipice, and stumble, and you are mangled to death. Or step accidentally over the bank of the river, and you are drowned. Or approach the whistling machinery, until it embraces you, and you are crushed. Or tread on the serpent, and you die of its envenomed fang. Here is violation of law, sinless, yet the penalty is swift and fearful. Then there is the punishment following wilful disobedience to law. This is actual moral guilt. Now the difference between these two kinds of punishment is very great. The one is the indignation of God; the other his favor. Two men suffer poverty. One inherited his poverty. Though it is an evil, it brings no remorse, no oppressing sense of God's indignation. The other man was born rich, and by prodigality has brought himself to poverty. His poverty, as an evil, is reinforced by remorse. The divine indignation oppresses his soul. So all through society. Apply this to the life of Jesus. The first suffering He endured; the second, never. He simply, in trying to save humanity, came in contact with the whirling passions of evil men, and was crushed. He died, not a victim of the wrath of God, but a victim of the wrath of man.

The object contemplated was that the sinful might be made righteous. That we might be made the righteousness of God in Him. What is the righteousness of God? Innocence, purity, rectitude. By Jesus human nature attains to this. We attain to innocence. Of innocence there are two kinds. The first is the innocence of those who have never sinned. In the infinite possibilities of the universe, we rejoice that there are such, though not in this province of God's empire, when we except the Divine Man and little children. In remote provinces of the empire of God, we are told there are innocent responsible subjects of moral government. The second kind of innocence is in those who have sinned, and have been forgiven. This is of the earth. This God gives those who ask for it, through Jesus. Do you ask me how it comes to us through Jesus, who suffered for us? I speculate not, but accept it as a great fact, under the common law, that all good comes to humanity through suffering. Our life comes to us through maternal agonies. Our bread comes to us by hard struggles, wringing the sweat from our face. Every item of knowledge we have, has been wrung from the secrets of nature. So when we accept the spirit of the self-sacrificing Jesus, to be animated by it, God accepts us in Jesus, as though we had not sinned in the past. In Jesus we attain to purity. Of purity there are two kinds. There is an underived purity. This belongs to the unfallen sons of God. There is a derived purity. This belongs to the fallen, who have risen again. The bitter fountain has been sweetened. The frozen heart has been thawed. The stubborn has been made yielding. This is effected by the Divine spirit illuminating, refining and elevating the inner nature. By Jesus we attain to rectitude of life.

But this is the righteousness of God "in Jesus." What does this mean? God does not see a perfect righteousness in any human being in any generation, only as he looks on us through Jesus. Let me illustrate. Suppose you had never seen vegetable life except in a cellar, where the rays of the sun never fall on the plant, you could have little idea of the real possibilities of vegetable life. Or suppose a person born in winter, and the winter to stretch out until they would reach manhood or womanhood, they could scarcely have any idea of the capabilities of vegetable life under the genial rays of spring and summer sun. Or suppose you had been raised in the Arctic regions, where vegetation is seen only in the moss, and lichen and burr oak, you could have a poor idea of vegetation in the tropics. But now let a gardener look on that cellar plant, and he knows its possibilities. Or let one who had lived through many summers look on that winter vegtation, and he knows what it will attain when the summer shall return. Or let an inhabitant from the tropics visit the arctic and he can see much more in the burr oak, the moss, the lichen, than the Esquimaux can. He knows its possibilities. So is our humanity. In our ignorance, sinfulness and sufferings, we are but cellar plants, winter and Arctic vegetation. But God looks on Jesus, human, bone of our bone and flesh of our flesh, and sees in Him a perfect innocence, purity and rectitude, and in us, partaking of the spirit of Jesus, the possibilities of that same perfect innocence, purity and rectitude; and thus are we "made the righteousness of God in Him."

The accomplishment of this purpose of God, in the progress of man's life, is of vast moment. The grace of God, in the vicarious sacrifice of his son, is the most wonderful of all wonderful ideas that can awaken profound interest in the human mind. Have you pondered it patiently? Have you analyzed it? Have you labored to educate yourself up to an appreciation of it in all its greatness? Just listen a moment. This grace comes to by the Son of God. Not an ordinary being. Not even one great as Moses. Not even an Angel. To these we would do profound reverence as messengers from God. But a greater is here. The Son—the God-man himself. This is the first idea in the greatness of God's grace to us. Then the Son of God not only came here on God's message to us, but in delivering it he lost his life. He entered this rebellious province of his Father's empire, to declare a universal amnesty, and He was taken as an enemy and destroyed. And all this he did for avowed enemies. Not for friends, but for enemies. And this was not by chance, so far as his knowledge was concerned. He knew before he came how he would be treated, and yet he hesitated not so great was love. Truly this is "grace." Shall it be received in vain? Let us pray God it may not. O! will any one here received it in vain? It is to be feared that some concern themselves but little upon this question. Do you ask me how it may be received in vain. It is in vain to all who are not made the righteousness of God in Jesus Christ. Have you sought innocence before God through Jesus? Have you sought purity of heart and life through the truth and grace of Jesus? Are you striving through Jesus to live a life of rectitude? If so, the grace of God, in the vicarious sacrifice of His Son, has not been received in vain.

The Sunday Question.

At the regular meeting of the Sabbath School Teachers' Union of Pittsburgh, held last night, Mr. T. H. Rabe, presiding, and Mr. T. J. McKalip acting as Secretary, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted, and ordered to be published in the city papers and a copy to be furnished to the Mayor:

WHEREAS, His Honor, Jared M. Brush, has made such noble efforts to prevent the open violation of the Sabbath; and to suppress vice and immorality, and

WHEREAS, It is but just that he should feel that he has the sympathy and support of the Sabbath loving portion of the community, and

WHEREAS, We, as a body of Sabbath School members, deem it prudent to express ourselves in favor of such a reform, therefore.

Resolved, That this Sabbath School Teachers' Union, composed of the Reformed and United Presbyterian Churches of this city, extend to His Honor our kindest regards and sympathy, and pledge him our moral support in every effort he may make in that direction.

Resolved, 2d. That we earnestly request our newspapers, which are generally on the side of morality and good order, to advocate the sancity and perpetual obligation of the Sabbath; and such as do shall have our hearty approval.

Resolved, 3d. That we respectfully request His Honor, the Mayor, to use all the influence in his power to prevent the celebration of the Fourth of July on the Sabbath, and in so doing will have our hearty approval.

Desired Solitude.

There are many circumstances in life which have the effect of inspiring men with a disgust of this wicked world and all its glittering vanities. One such circumstance, taking the form of an over dose of lightning whisky, was encountered by a melancholy individual who appeared at the Allegheny Mayor's office yesterday morning. He had become, he said, tired of the fleeting, bustling activities and mockery of the outer world and desired to withdraw into solitude, to him more congenial. With tears coursing down his bronzed countenance, he besought one of the "sentinels of justice" to use his official influence in securing him a position of retirement among the gentlemen of leisure, who are benevolently provided with food, raiment and lodgings in the imposing stone mansion on Ohio street, which is one of the peculiar institutions, sustained by the fostering care of the State. The obliging official thus affectingly appealed to, regretted his inability to comply with the moving request, but directed the applicant to take time for deliberate reflection, which advice was properly heeded by the studiously inclined personage, who wandered off again pensively musing as he went his way.

"Roughs" Roughly Handled.

A party of roughs and blackguards visited the Iron City Park yesterday for the purpose of disturbing and breaking up a pic-nic which was being held there by the Turners. Owing to the presence of several of the Mayor's officers they were deterred from making any demonstration until late in the evening, when the festivities were about drawing to a close. A number of them at that time stationed themselves at the gate on Butler street, and when a party of the Turners were coming out made an assault upon them. The Turners resisted, and in a short time were reinforced by a number of their friends, which gave them the odds over their assailants, and taking advantage of this circumstance they gave the "roughs" a severe body beating, which they richly deserved. Clubs and stones were used freely, but the Germans stood up manfully to their work and routed the blackguards. Several of the scoundrels received sore heads, but none of them, so far as we could learn, were seriously injured.

[From the Health Reporter.]

No Hocus-Pocus.

It seems to be a matter of *wonder* to many persons, and even to *some* medical men, how anything like a correct diagnosis of diseases can be made from examination of the urine.

This wonder ceases with the latter, however, as soon as they learn the fundamental principles upon which these examinations are based, and become practically acquainted with the varied chemicel constituents and characteristic appearances of that fluid as voided in the different classes of disease.

When any organ or part of the body becomes deceased it gives out more than its accustomed share of particles from that part. These separated particles are carried out of the body through the medium of the kidneys, and may by chemical analysis and microscopic examination be definitely ascribed to the precise locality whence they are derived.

These are practical facts; not merely of value in ordinary cases alone, but scientific men, Todd, Bennet, Queckot, and others, have placed on record numerous instances wherein the correct diagnosis in *obscure* cases depended *solely* upon these kind of investigations.

We ourselves, during an experience of twenty years' practice, have had many individual cases wherein the examination of the urinary secretion alone revealed the true nature of the disease, after all the other well known methods of the very best physicians of the country had signally failed.

When we propose to detect diseases by an examination of the urine alone, being prepared, as we are at our office, No. 132 Grant street, Pittsburgh, with all the chemical and microscopic apparatus for testing it in the most scientific manner, we base our proposition, *not* upon clairvoyance, spiritualism, hocuspocus, or legerdemain, but upon the incontrovertible facts, and make our deductions in accordance with the immutable laws of *science*.

Indeed, it is these *facts* alone that give to our peculiar system its true value, that stamps it as a science. For that only is scientific which is based upon incontrovertible facts. L. OLDSHUE, M. D.,
Professor of Urino-Pathology.

Ceremony Without Ceremony.

Yesterday, with that peculiar delight which all experience on receiving card invites to a friend's wedding, we broke open the seal of a delicately tinted envelope bearing our address and having in beautifully wrought monogramistic characters, the letters G. L. gracefully entwined into each other. Imagine our hearty laugh on reading the following, in exquisite engraving, cut in "matrimonial" style, on a saucy looking card, "Gray & Logan At Home. You are invited to call without Ceremony and inspect the finest assortment of Men and Boys Clothing west of New York, No. 47 Sixth street, late St. Clair." We did call and found that all the card stated was true. The firm have just opened a beautiful stock of boys and youths clothing which will prove highly attractive to our readers as well as the young folks. So without ceremony we invite our friends to call at Messrs. Gray & Logan's well appointed salesrooms, and inspect the goods, whether they receive the artistic card of invitation or not.

The Munson Lightning Rod.

MASSACHUSETTS AGRICT'L COLLEGE,
AMHERST, MASS., March 4, 1868.

GENTLEMEN: I regard the Munson Copper Tubular Lightning Rod superior to anything before the public. It is a better conductor, and less liable to fail from any cause to carry safely to the earth an electric discharge than an iron rod six times its size. It is firmly united so as to form a continuous conductor, and from its lightness and pliability is, when fastened to buildings, much less likely to break the insulators and get out of place than a heavy rod. By order of our Board, the Munson Rod has been attached to the six buildings of the State Agricultural College.

W. S. CLARKE, President.

Manufactured by Lockhart & Co., 234 Penn street, Pittsburgh.

Real Estate—Important Sales.—To-day at two o'clock, that new house on Grant avenue, near Western avenue, will be positively sold at auction. Also at three o'clock this day, that fine lot, 100 by 140 feet, on Lincoln avenue, opposite the Orphan Asylum. On Thursday next, at three o'clock, the magnificent house and grounds of the late Orrin Newton at Shadyside; and at five o'clock, same day, the house and lot of E. R. Wilson, on Highland avenue, East Liberty.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Marsailles for suits and dresses at Bates & Bell's.

Fine Oil Paintings—Free Exhibition.—The large collection of high class modern paintings, by distinguished American and European artists, including several originals by Blythe, to be sold by auction next Thursday, are now arranged for free examination, day and evening, in McIlwaine's, second floor, sales room, 106 Smithfield street. No lover of true art should omit examining this choice collection, exclusively of high merit.

Lace Points, Sacques, Rotunds and Olfas at Bates & Bell's.

Fallston Woodenware Works at Auction.—The entire Fallston Woodenware Works, in Fallston borough, Beaver county, will be sold next Friday morning, at McIlwaine's Auction Rooms, No. 106 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, by order of Assignee in Bankruptcy. It includes the grounds, buildings, machinery, water-power &c. See auction advertisement in our columns.

$4 for Lace Curtains—all lace curtains at reduced prices at Bates & Bell's.

The Mint.—This favorable place of resort is fast gaining a reputation for meals—at all hours of the day from half-past five to eight P. M. Gentlemen who are judges of fine living at their own prices will find by the bill of fare something sumptuous. The bar speaks for itself. Remember the place—44 Smithfield street.

Suits of Linen, Hemani, Leno, Marsailles and Silk at Bates & Bell's.

3,000 Yards real French Jaconets, choicest styles and best goods made, only 37½ cts, worth 62½ cts. Ladies are invited to examine them at J. M. Carr's, 118 Federal street.

Linen Goods, long variety, at Bates & Bell's.

Thin Dress Goods, from 31c at Bates & Bell's.

Japanese Silks in great variety at Bates & Bell's.

Honest men are easily bound, but you can never bind a knave.

PLANTATION BITTERS cures Dyepepsia.

Keep no more cats in the house than will catch mice.

PLANTATION BITTERS cures Fever and Ague.

War makes thieves, and peace hangs them.

PLANTATION BITTERS cures Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.

Time is a file that wears and makes no noise.

PLANTATION BITTERS cures Dissipation and Late Hours.

Better have one plow going than two *cradles*.

PLANTATION BITTERS are an antidote to Change of Water and Diet.

Fools and obstinate people make lawyers rich.

PLANTATION BITTERS purify, strengthen and invigorate.

A kind wife makes a faithful husband.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

Perfectly Splendid.—The Wine Crackers, Toast Jumbles and Vanilla Jumbles sold by Marvin's Bakery, at No. 91 Liberty, are splendid, fresh and made of the very best material. It is certainly a treat to eat them. Go to Marvin's, at the above number, for everything in his line, and our word for it you will find things as they are represented.

At Rode's modern style Shaving Saloon, corner of Federal and Isabella streets, Allegheny, will be found adepts in shaving, hair cutting, (for adults and children) hair dyeing, leeching, cupping and tooth-drawing. Try and be convinced. T

Hecker's Farina forms a very agreeable light nutritive food, a superior article for puddings and jellies, and is highly recommended by physicians for invalids and children. Sold by all grocers. T

Shetland Shawls—in all desirable colors, at Bates & Bell's.

Williamson's Shop, 190 Federal street, Allegheny, is first class for a luxurious bath, for shaving, hair dyeing, hair cutting and dressing, plain or by curling and frizzle; also, for cupping and leeching. T

The place to get White Lime, Calined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists.

TTHS:T.

White Bedouins at Bates & Bell's.

DIED.

FOSS—On Friday morning, June 11th, at the residence of M. T. Heckert, No. **103** Beaver street, Allegheny, Mrs. MARGARET FOSS, aged **80** years.

The funeral will take place TO-DAY, June 15th, at 3 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. **166** FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and Imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

AGENCY FOR

PETER SQUIRE'S, LONDON,

CELEBRATED CHEMICALS.

SOAP,

Containing **40** per cent. Pure Glycerine.

EFFERVESCING PREPARATIONS

Such as Bi Carb Potassa, Vichy Salt, Kissingen Salt, Seidlitz Powder, Citrate Magnesia, Citrat Iron and Quinine, Iodide Potassae, Carbonat Lithia, &c. Also, agent F. A. Sarg's Vienna Glycerine Soap, and Brecknell's, London, Ski Soap.

SIMON JOHNSTON,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

je10

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS

IS NOW COMPLETE,

SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.

Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets,

mh9

PITTSBURGH

BANK FOR SAVINGS,

NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1852.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of six per cent., free of tax, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—Geo. A. Berry, President; S. H. Hartman, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. M'Kinley, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, Jno. Scott, Robt. C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

D. W. & A. S. Bell, Solicitors. my23-TF

FOR SALE.

BAROMETERS,

THERMOMETERS,

OPERA, MARINE

AND SPY GLASSES,

BY

W. G. DUNSEATH,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN,

56 FIFTH AVENUE,
my18

W. HESPENHEID & CO.,

No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at this House. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET.